



IBPS / SBI PO 2026



REASONING

MOCK - 23



LIVE



7:00 PM



Prashant Sir

WELCOME TO



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M	G	Hindi	
T	K	math	
W	L	Eng	(Hindi)
Th	J	chem	(G)
F	E	Bio	(F)
Sat	F	phy	
Sun	H	computer	(F)

G → math
 K → math
 J → chem
 E → Bio
 F → phy
 H → com

Seven professors are conducting a test of different subjects in the week starting from Monday to Sunday. The different subjects are Physics, Biology, Chemistry, English, Math, Hindi and Computer, but not necessarily in the same order.

E conducts test of Biology and not more than two professors conduct test after E. L conducts test on Wednesday but not of Hindi. J conducts test of Chemistry but before the one who conducts test of Physics. G conducts test just before K who conducts test of Math. H conducts test of Computer after E. G does not conduct test on Thursday. F neither conducts test on Friday nor Sunday.

1. Which of the following subject test conducted by G?

- (a) English (b) ☒ Hindi
 (c) Physics (d) Math (e) None of these

6. Statements:

Only a few wall is floor.
Some door is fan.
No floor is door.

Conclusions:

I. Some fan is not floor.

II. All wall being door is a possibility.

कथन:

केवल कुछ दीवार फर्श है.
कुछ दरवाजे पंखा है.
कोई फर्श दरवाजा नहीं है.

निष्कर्ष:

I. कुछ पंखे फर्श नहीं है.

II. सभी दीवार के दरवाजे होने की संभावना है.

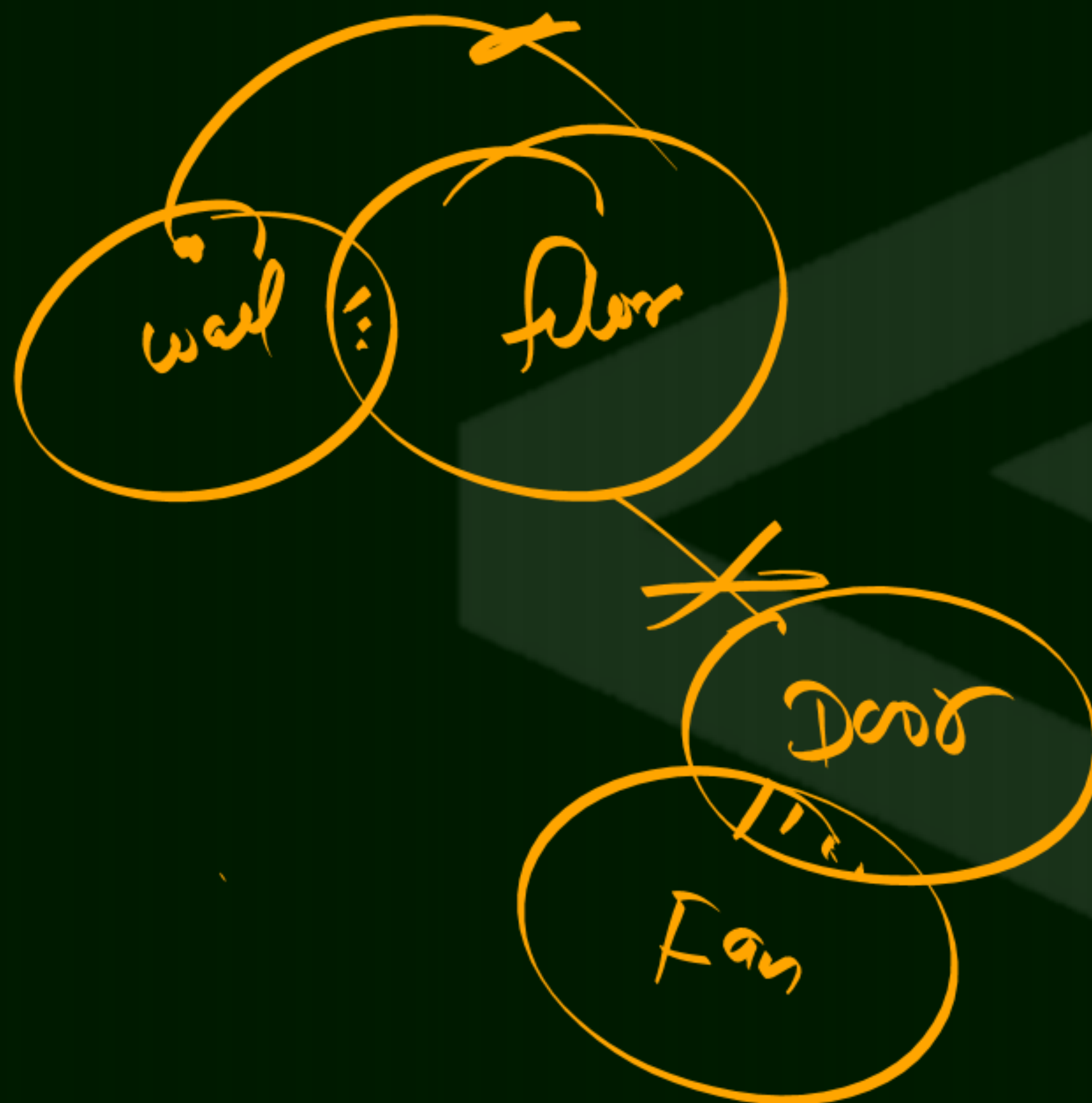
(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

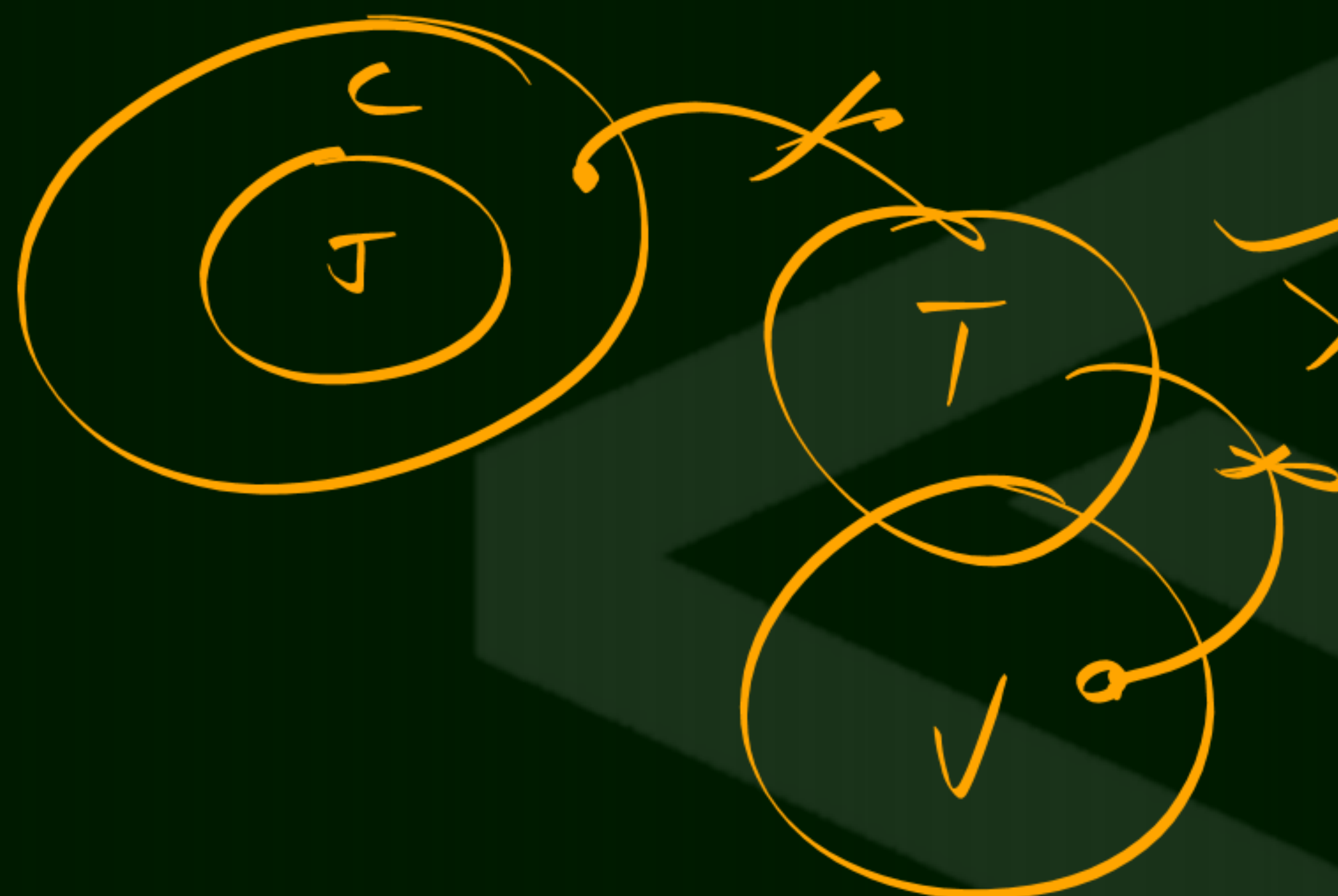
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.



7. Statements:

All jeep are car.
Some car is not truck.
Only a few van is truck.



Conclusions:

- I. All jeep being truck is a possibility.
- II. All van being truck is a possibility.

कथन:

सभी जीप कार हैं।
कुछ कार ट्रक नहीं हैं।
केवल कुछ वैन ट्रक हैं।

निष्कर्ष:

- I. सभी जीप के ट्रक होने की संभावना है।
- II. सभी वैन के ट्रक होने की संभावना है।

- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

8. Statements:

Some Park is cabin.
Only cabin is coach.
No park is metro.

Conclusions:

- ~~I. Some coach being park is a possibility.~~
- ~~II. All cabin being metro is a possibility.~~

कथन:

कुछ पार्क केबिन हैं.
केवल केबिन कोच है.
कोई पार्क मेट्रो नहीं है.

निष्कर्ष:

- I. कुछ कोच के पार्क होने की संभावना है.
- II. सभी केबिन के मेट्रो होने की संभावना है.

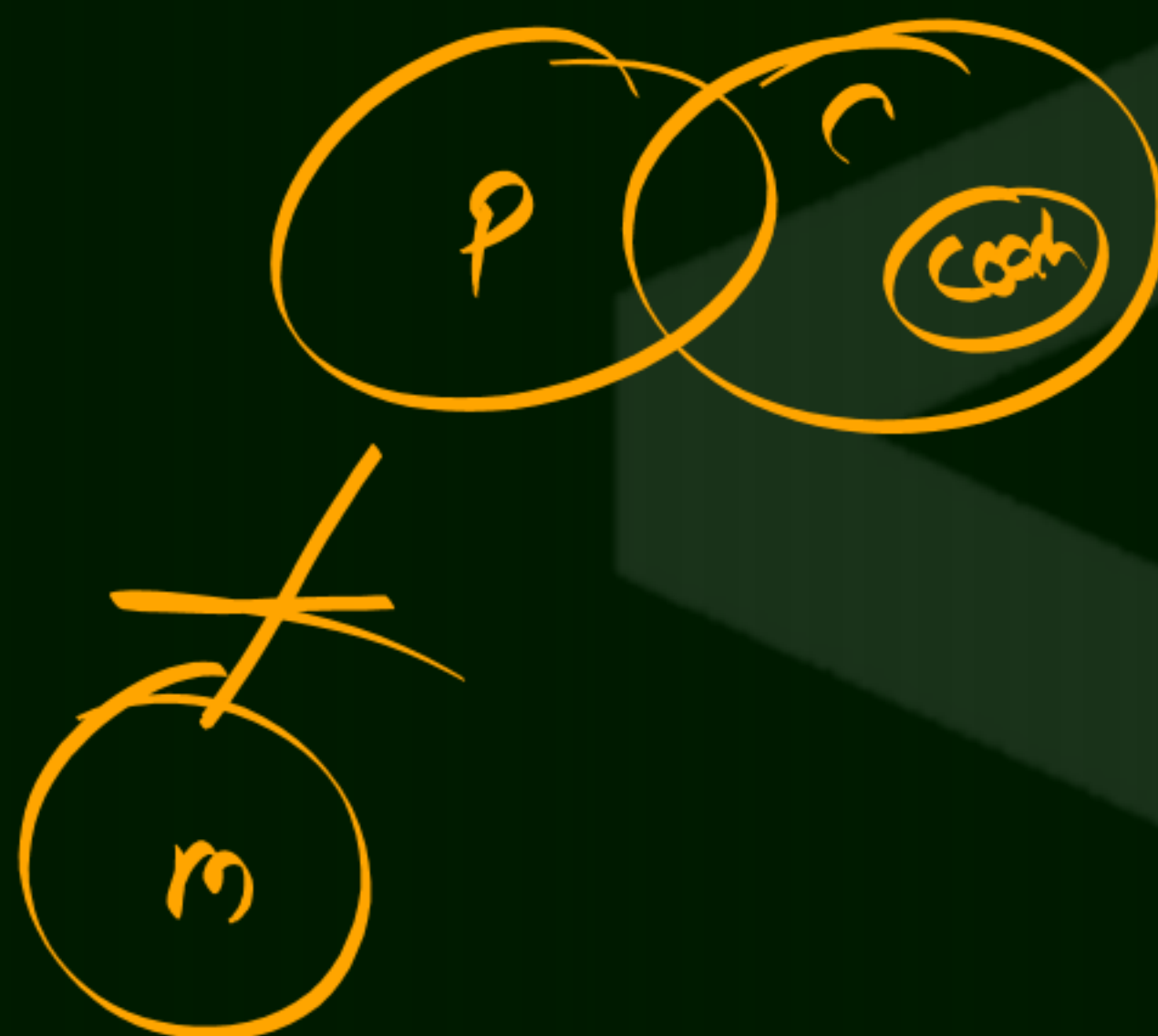
(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

☒ (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.



9. Statements:

Some new are not old.
Only a few old are same.
All same are again.

Conclusions:

- ~~I. Some again is not old.~~
- ~~II. All same being new is a possibility.~~

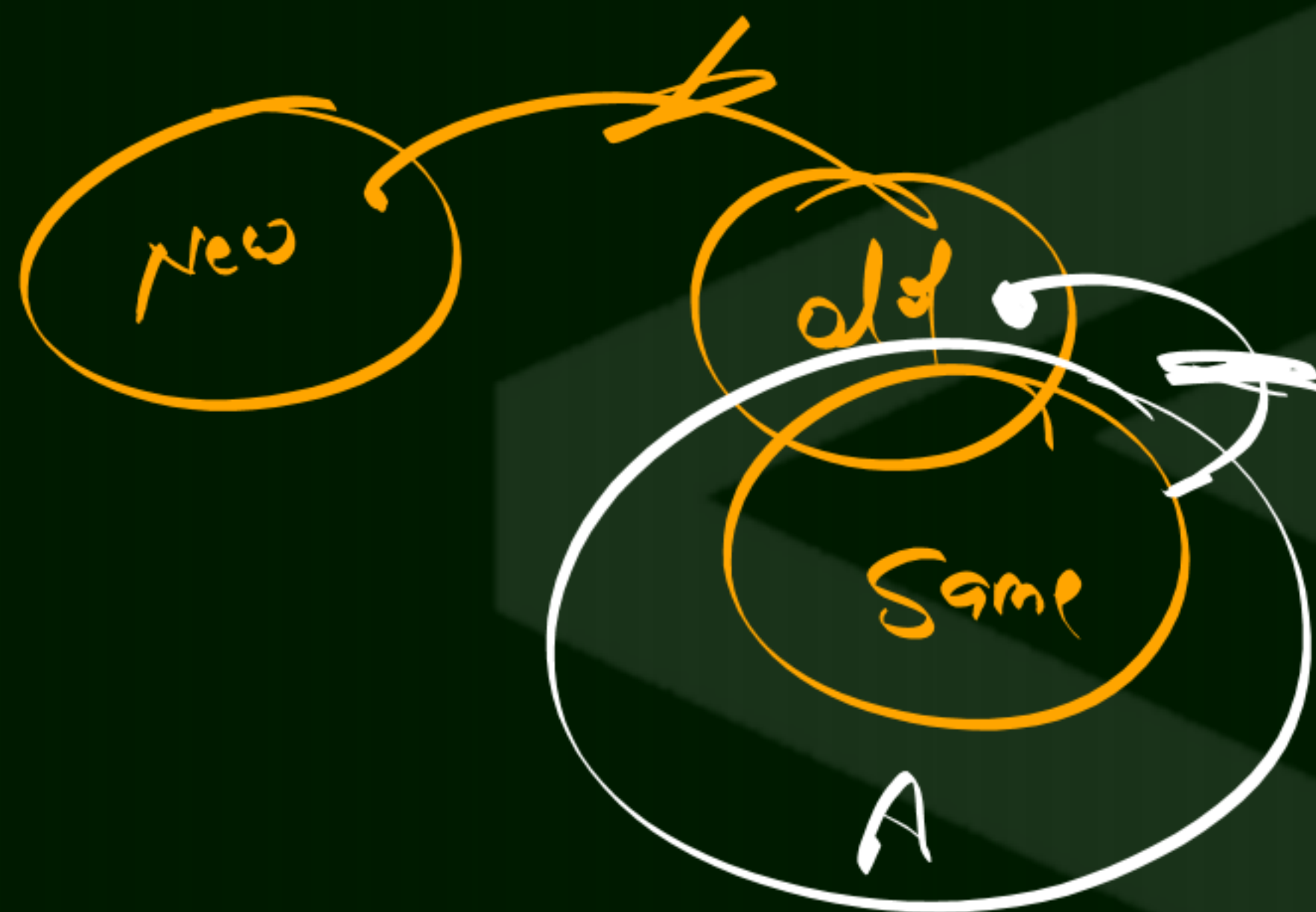
कथन:

कुछ नए पुराने नहीं हैं।
केवल कुछ पुराने समान हैं।
सभी समान फिर से हैं।

निष्कर्ष:

- I. कुछ फिर से पुराने नहीं हैं।
- II. सभी समान के नए होने की संभावना है।

- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.



	F ₁	F ₂
4	A	L
3	S	B
2	Q	C
1	D	R

Handwritten notes:
 S-1/3 ← B
 L-2/4
 : > diff flat
 D
 A > same flat L < C
 same flat

Eight persons A, B, C, D, L, Q, R and S are living in a four-story building such as ground floor is numbered as 1, above it is floor 2 and so on till the topmost floor is numbered as 4. Each of the floors has 2 flats in it viz. flat-1 and flat-2. Flat-1 of floor-2 is immediately above flat-1 of floor-1 and immediately below flat-1 of floor-3 and so on. In the same way, flat-2 of floor-2 is immediately above flat-2 of floor-1 and immediately below flat-2 of floor-3 and so on. Flat-1 is in the west of flat-2.

Two floors gap between L and D but they do not live in the same flat. S lives on an odd-numbered floor and to the west of B's flat. One floor gap between the floors of L and C and they live in the same flat. A is living above Q's floor in the same flat. L lives on an even-numbered floor. R is living in an even-numbered flat.

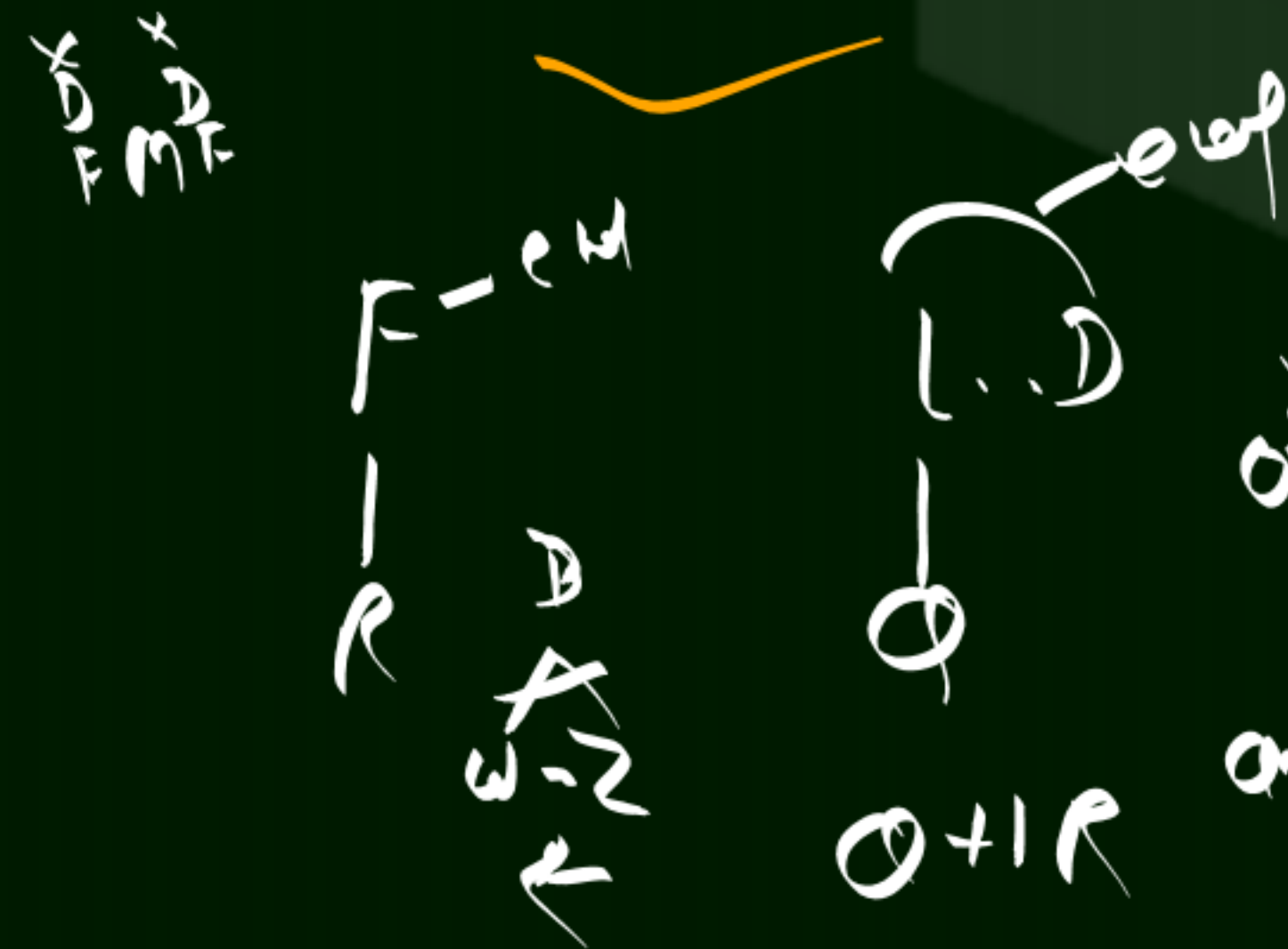
14. The number of floors gap between S and Q is same as the number of floors gap between ____ and ____.

- (a) Q-A (b) L-R
- (c) B-C (d) S-R (e) None of these

L M O D H F

Q V W P Z R

D F H L M O
↓
P Q R V W Z



Twelve persons are sitting in two parallel rows containing six persons in each row in such a way that there is an equal distance between adjacent persons. In the first row, D, F, H, L, M and O are seated and all of them are facing south. In the second row, P, Q, R, V, W and Z are seated and all of them are facing north. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement, each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row.

There are 2 persons sit between L and D and one of them sits at one of the extreme ends of the row. Q faces to the L. F faces to R and sits at one of the extreme ends. There are more than one person sits between Q and R. W sits 2nd to the left of Z and both are not facing D. The number of persons sit between Q and Z is same as the number of persons sit between R and V who does not sit near to Z. M does not sit near to D and F. O does not sit 2nd from any of the extreme end.

22. What is the position of M with respect to H?

- (a) 3rd to the left
- (b) 3rd to the right
- (c) 2nd to the left
- (d) 2nd to the right
- (e) Immediate to the left

26. Statement:

$$P < Q = G < D \leq E < F > M$$

Conclusion:

I. $M \geq Q$

II. $M < Q$

(a) if only conclusion II is true.

(b) if only conclusion I is true.

(c) if neither conclusion I nor II is true.

~~(d) if either conclusion I or II is true.~~

(e) if both conclusions I and II are true.

27. Statement:

$$M \geq K > A > S = H > D > B$$

Conclusion:

I. $A > B$

II. $K < D$

- (a) if both conclusion I and II are true.
- (b) if only conclusion I is true.
- (c) if neither conclusion I nor II is true.
- (d) if either conclusion I or II is true.
- (e) if only conclusion II is true.

28. Statement:

$A \geq K$; $N < T$; $M \geq N$; $K \geq T$

Conclusion:

~~I. $K \geq N$~~

~~II. $A > M$~~

(a) if only conclusion II is true.

(b) if either conclusion I or II is true.

(c) if neither conclusion I nor II is true.

(d) if only conclusion I is true.

(e) if both conclusions I and II are true.

Q → T
P . . Q . . . S . . T . R U . .

S . . . Q R
Q → T

1/2/6 U - R 3rd

~P = R →
+2 → Q

There are some persons are sitting in a row such that all are facing towards the north direction. Three persons sit between Q and S. R sits fifth right of S. U sits third from the right end of the row. T sits exactly between S and U. Only four persons sit to the left of Q. Number of persons sit right of R is two more than the number of persons sit left of P. Not more than two persons sit between U and T who does not sit left of Q.

कुछ लोग एक लाइन में इस तरह बैठे हैं कि सभी का मुँह उत्तर दिशा की ओर है। Q और S के बीच तीन लोग बैठे हैं। R, S के दाएँ पाँचवें स्थान पर बैठा है। U, लाइन के दाएँ सिरे से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T, S और U के ठीक बीच में बैठा है। Q के बाएँ सिर्फ चार लोग बैठे हैं। R के दाएँ बैठे लोगों की संख्या, P के बाएँ बैठे लोगों की संख्या से दो ज़्यादा है। U और T के बीच दो से ज़्यादा लोग नहीं बैठे हैं, T Q के बाएँ नहीं बैठा है।

29. Who among the following sits second to the right of P?
इनमें से कौन P के दाएँ से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है?

- (a) R
- (b) T
- (c) Unknown person
- (d) S
- (e) None of these

There are some persons are sitting in a row such that all are facing towards the north direction. Three persons sit between Q and S. R sits fifth right of S. U sits third from the right end of the row. T sits exactly between S and U. Only four persons sit to the left of Q. Number of persons sit right of R is two more than the number of persons sit left of P. Not more than two persons sit between U and T who does not sit left of Q.

कुछ लोग एक लाइन में इस तरह बैठे हैं कि सभी का मुँह उत्तर दिशा की ओर है। Q और S के बीच तीन लोग बैठे हैं। R, S के दाएँ पाँचवें स्थान पर बैठा है। U, लाइन के दाएँ सिरे से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T, S और U के ठीक बीच में बैठा है। Q के बाएँ सिर्फ चार लोग बैठे हैं। R के दाएँ बैठे लोगों की संख्या, P के बाएँ बैठे लोगों की संख्या से दो ज़्यादा है। U और T के बीच दो से ज़्यादा लोग नहीं बैठे हैं, T Q के बाएँ नहीं बैठा है।

30. How many persons sit between Q and T?

Q और T के बीच कितने लोग बैठे हैं?

- (a) Four (b) Six
(c) Seven (d) Five (e) None of these

There are some persons are sitting in a row such that all are facing towards the north direction. Three persons sit between Q and S. R sits fifth right of S. U sits third from the right end of the row. T sits exactly between S and U. Only four persons sit to the left of Q. Number of persons sit right of R is two more than the number of persons sit left of P. Not more than two persons sit between U and T who does not sit left of Q.

कुछ लोग एक लाइन में इस तरह बैठे हैं कि सभी का मुँह उत्तर दिशा की ओर है। Q और S के बीच तीन लोग बैठे हैं। R, S के दाएँ पाँचवें स्थान पर बैठा है। U, लाइन के दाएँ सिरे से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T, S और U के ठीक बीच में बैठा है। Q के बाएँ सिर्फ चार लोग बैठे हैं। R के दाएँ बैठे लोगों की संख्या, P के बाएँ बैठे लोगों की संख्या से दो ज़्यादा है। U और T के बीच दो से ज़्यादा लोग नहीं बैठे हैं, T Q के बाएँ नहीं बैठा है।

31. What the position of R with respect to T?

T के संबंध में R की स्थिति क्या है?

- (a) Third to the left (b) Second to the left
- (c) Immediate right (d) ☒ Second to the right
- (e) None of these

953, 732, 743, 652, 862

Study the following series of five three-digit numbers and answer the questions.

नीचे दी गई पाँच तीन-डिजिट नंबरों की सीरीज़ को पढ़ें और सवालों के जवाब दें।

593 723 437 562 628

33. If all the digits are arranged in descending order within the number, then which number will be the lowest number?

अगर नंबर में सभी डिजिट को घटते हुए क्रम में लगाया जाए, तो कौन सा नंबर सबसे छोटा नंबर होगा?

(a) 593

(b) 437

(c) 562

(d) 628

(e) None of these

Study the following series of five three-digit numbers and answer the questions.

नीचे दी गई पाँच तीन-डिजिट नंबरों की सीरीज़ को पढ़ें और सवालों के जवाब दें।

593 723 437 562 628

34. If in each number first and second digit are added and then subtract third digit from the resultant, after performing the operation how many numbers will be greater than 10?

अगर हर नंबर में पहले और दूसरे डिजिट को जोड़ा जाए और फिर रिज़ल्ट में से तीसरा डिजिट घटा दिया जाए, तो ऑपरेशन करने के बाद कितने नंबर 10 से बड़े होंगे?

- (a) One (b) Two
(c) Three (d) Four (e) None of these

Study the following series of five three-digit numbers and answer the questions.

नीचे दी गई पाँच तीन-डिजिट नंबरों की सीरीज़ को पढ़ें और सवालों के जवाब दें।

593 723 437 562 628

35. If the third digit of the 2nd highest number is divided by the second digit of the highest number, then what will be the resultant?

अगर दूसरी सबसे बड़ी संख्या के तीसरे अंक को सबसे बड़ी संख्या के दूसरे अंक से भाग दिया जाए, तो नतीजा क्या होगा?

- ☒ (a) 4
- (b) 3
- (c) 2
- (d) 5
- (e) None of these

~~8/2~~



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