



# IBPS / SBI PO 2026

LIVE



# REASONING

## MOCK - 32

LIVE



7:00 PM



*Prashant Sir*



EXAM LEVEL QUESTIONS



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|   |   |         |
|---|---|---------|
| 5 | D | Wool    |
| 4 | G | Cotton  |
| 3 | F | Silk    |
| 2 | H | Leather |
| 1 | E | Fibre   |



G : 4  
Fibre 4  
D just

Five persons are living on different floors of five storey building. Ground floor is numbered as 1st floor and just above the 1st floor is numbered as 2nd floor and so on till the topmost floor is numbered as 5th floor. Each of them uses different raw materials in their cloths.

G lives three floors above the one who uses Fibres. No one lives between H and the one who uses Fibres. D lives above H but not just above. F lives just above the one who uses leather. F lives on an odd numbered floor. The one who uses cotton lives above E. The one who uses wool lives above the floor of the one who uses Silk but not just above.

- How many persons live between G and the one who uses Wool?
  - None
  - Three
  - Two
  - One
  - Can't be determined

In each question below some statements are given followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts.

Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts.



6. Statements:

Some Hero are Film.

Some Film are Star.

All Star are Actor.

Conclusions:

I. Some Actor are Film.

II. Some Hero are not Star.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

नीचे दिए गए हर सवाल में कुछ स्टेटमेंट दिए गए हैं और उसके बाद I और II नंबर के दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। आपको दिए गए स्टेटमेंट को सच मानना है, भले ही वे आम तौर पर जानी-पहचानी बातों से अलग लगें। सभी निष्कर्षों को पढ़ें और फिर तय करें कि दिए गए निष्कर्षों में से कौन सा दिए गए स्टेटमेंट से लॉजिकली निकलता है, आम तौर पर जानी-पहचानी बातों को नज़रअंदाज़ करते हुए।

6. कथन:

कुछ Hero, Film हैं।

कुछ Film, Star हैं।

सभी Star, Actor हैं।

निष्कर्ष:

I. कुछ Actor, Film हैं।

II. कुछ Hero, Star नहीं हैं।

(a) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है।

(b) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है।

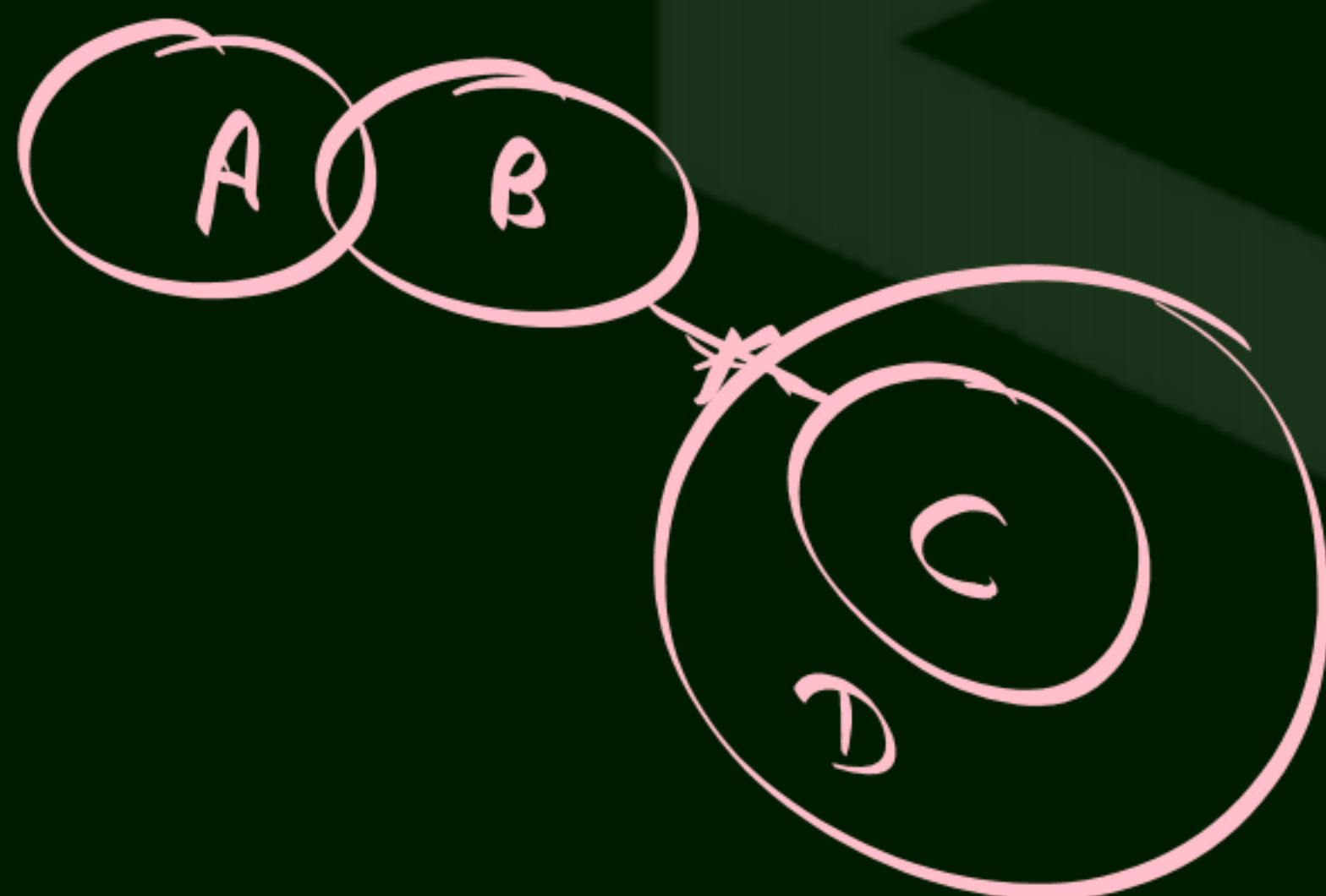
(c) यदि या तो निष्कर्ष I या II अनुसरण करता है।

(d) यदि न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है।

(e) यदि दोनों निष्कर्ष I और II अनुसरण करते हैं।

In each question below some statements are given followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts.

Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts.



7. Statements:

Some A are B.

All C are D.

No B is C.

Conclusions:

I. Some D are not B.

II. Some D are B.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

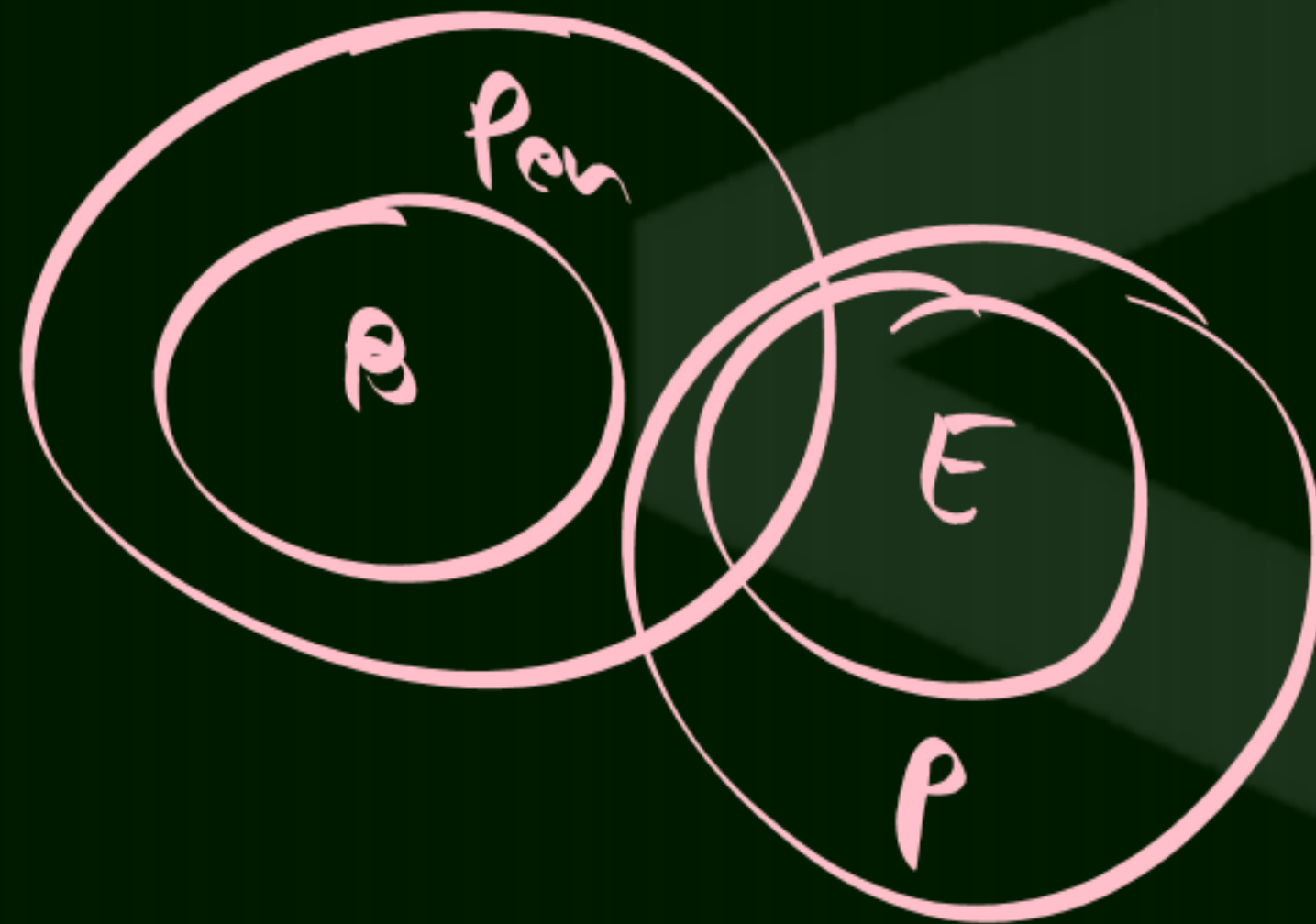
(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

- ① Some NO  
② All, some not



In each question below some statements are given followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts.

Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts.

8. Statements:

All Book are Pen.

Some Pen are Eraser.

All Eraser are Pencil.

Conclusions:

~~I. Some Book are Pencil.~~

~~II. No Pencil is Book.~~

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

~~(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.~~

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

E F A D G H B C  
 ↑ ↑ ↓ ↑ ↓ ↑ ↓ ↓ ✓ ✓

B... H → 2  
 at most

Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sit in a row but not necessarily in the same order. Four of them faces north direction and rest of them faces south direction.

At most two persons sit to the right of A who doesn't face north direction. Three persons sits between A and B who is the only immediate neighbour of C. Three persons sit between E and G and none of them sit adjacent to A. H sits 2nd to the right of C. D and G sits immediate right of each other. Immediate neighbours of A face same direction. Number of persons sit to the right of H is two more than the number of persons sit to the left of E.

9. How many persons sit between A and H?

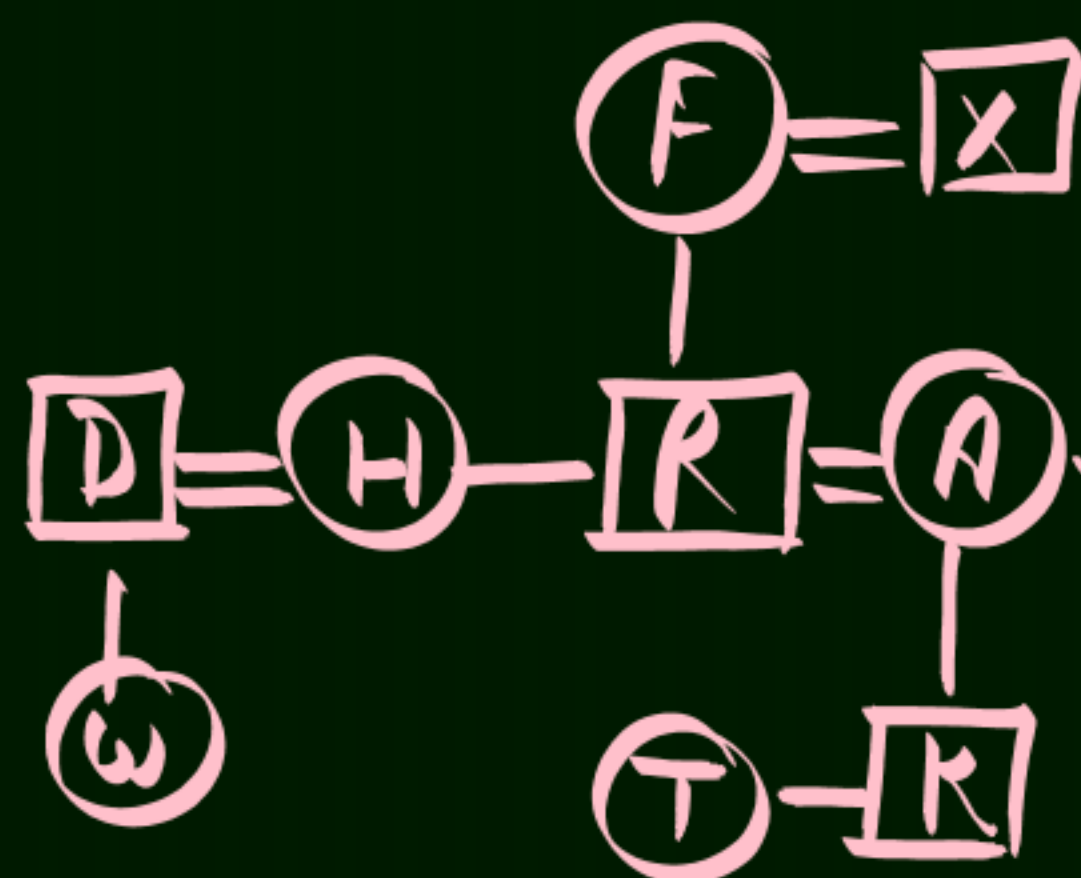
(a) None

☒ (b) Two

(c) Three

(d) Four

(e) One



There are nine members i.e., H, R, D, W, K, T, F, X and A live in a family. F is mother of R who is the only son of X. H is sister-in-law of A who is mother of both K and T. H is married to D who is parent of W. K is only grandson of X. Neither W nor X has any sibling. W is the niece of R.

एक परिवार में नौ सदस्य अर्थात् H, R, D, W, K, T, F, X और A रहते हैं। F, R की माँ है जो X का इकलौता बेटा है। H, A की सिस्टर-इन-लॉ है जो K और T दोनों की माँ है। H का विवाह D से हुआ है जो W के माता/पिता हैं। K, X का इकलौता पोता/नवासा है। न तो W और न ही X का कोई भाई-बहन है। W, R की नीस (भांजी/भतीजी) है।

**14. How is F related to T?**

**F, T से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?**

- (a) Mother
- (b) Aunt
- (c) Daughter-in-law
- ☒ (d) Grandmother
- (e) None of the above

There are nine members i.e., H, R, D, W, K, T, F, X and A live in a family. F is mother of R who is the only son of X. H is sister-in-law of A who is mother of both K and T. H is married to D who is parent of W. K is only grandson of X. Neither W nor X has any sibling. W is the niece of R.

एक परिवार में नौ सदस्य अर्थात् H, R, D, W, K, T, F, X और A रहते हैं। F, R की माँ है जो X का इकलौता बेटा है। H, A की सिस्टर-इन-लॉ है जो K और T दोनों की माँ है। H का विवाह D से हुआ है जो W के माता/पिता हैं। K, X का इकलौता पोता/नवासा है। न तो W और न ही X का कोई भाई-बहन है। W, R की नीस (भांजी/भतीजी) है।

**15. Who is the mother-in-law of D?**

**D की मदर-इन-लॉ (सास) कौन है?**

(a) A

(b) F

(c) T

(d) X

(e) None of the above

There are nine members i.e., H, R, D, W, K, T, F, X and A live in a family. F is mother of R who is the only son of X. H is sister-in-law of A who is mother of both K and T. H is married to D who is parent of W. K is only grandson of X. Neither W nor X has any sibling. W is the niece of R.

एक परिवार में नौ सदस्य अर्थात् H, R, D, W, K, T, F, X और A रहते हैं। F, R की माँ है जो X का इकलौता बेटा है। H, A की सिस्टर-इन-लॉ है जो K और T दोनों की माँ है। H का विवाह D से हुआ है जो W के माता/पिता हैं। K, X का इकलौता पोता/नवासा है। न तो W और न ही X का कोई भाई-बहन है। W, R की नीस (भांजी/भतीजी) है।

**16. How is H related to T?**

**H, T से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?**

(a) Maternal Aunt

(b) Paternal Aunt

(c) Sister-in-law

(d) Niece

(e) None of the above

Nine persons are going to attend an event one after another. At most two persons attend event before G. Three persons attend event between C and G. Two persons attend event between C and B. One person attends event between B and K who attends event after B. F attend event just before L. There are as many persons attend event before L as after H. E attend event exactly between B and K. D attend event before E.

नौ लोग एक के बाद एक इवेंट में शामिल होने जा रहे हैं। G से पहले ज़्यादा से ज़्यादा दो लोग इवेंट में शामिल होते हैं। C और G के बीच तीन लोग इवेंट में शामिल होते हैं। C और B के बीच दो लोग इवेंट में शामिल होते हैं। B और K के बीच एक व्यक्ति इवेंट में शामिल होता है, K जो B के बाद इवेंट में शामिल होता है। F, L से ठीक पहले इवेंट में शामिल होता है। L से पहले उतने ही लोग इवेंट में शामिल होते हैं जितने H के बाद। E, B और K के ठीक बीच इवेंट में शामिल होता है। D, E से पहले इवेंट में शामिल होता है।

**17. How many persons attend event after K?**

**K के बाद कितने व्यक्ति कार्यक्रम में शामिल होते हैं?**

- |          |                   |
|----------|-------------------|
| (a) Four | (b) Three         |
| (c) Five | (d) Six           |
|          | (e) More than six |

21. Find the odd one out?

विषम चुनें?

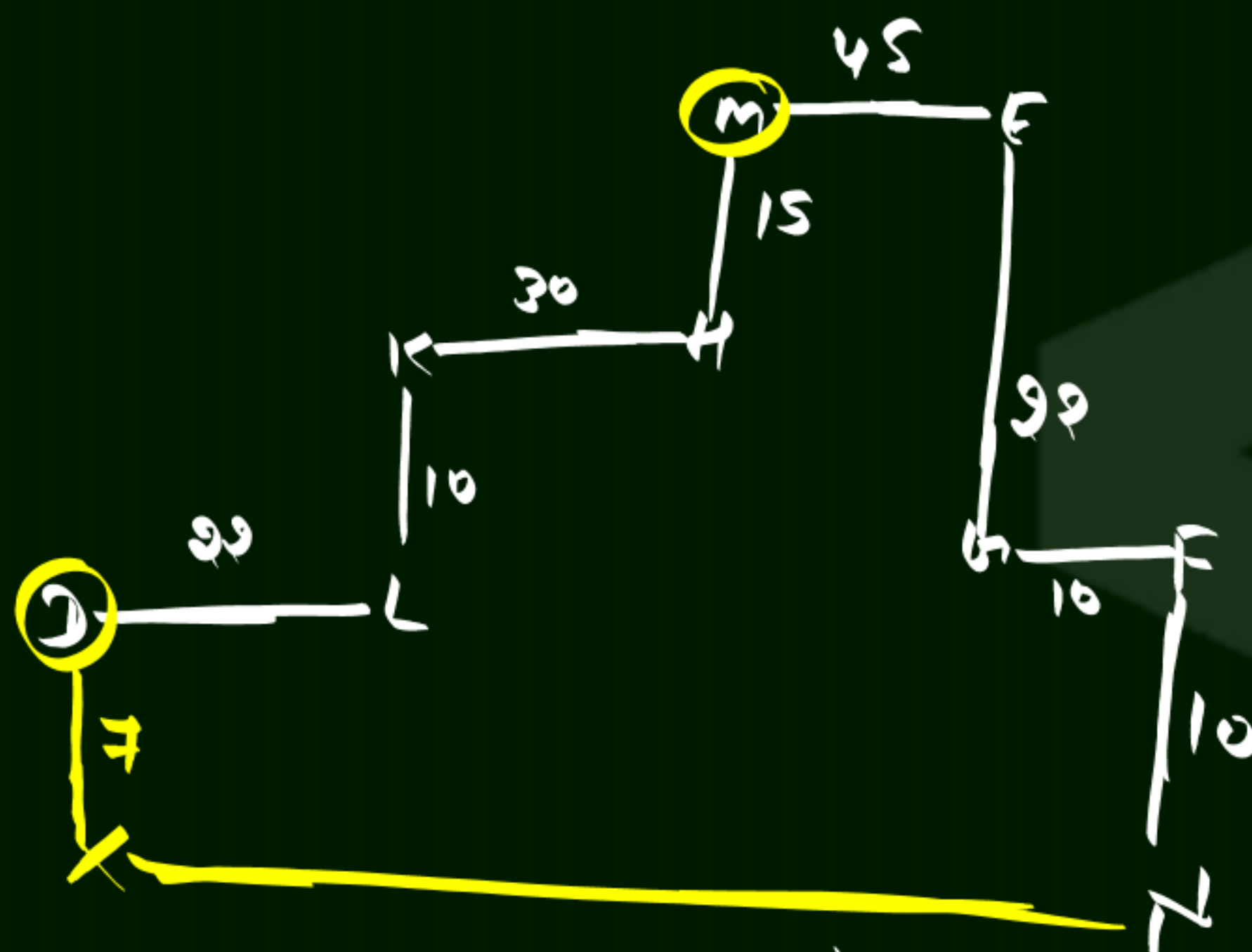
(a) VYT +3 -5

(b) DGB +3 -5

(c) MPK +3 -5

~~(d) HKG +3 -4~~

(e) TWR +3



**A** starts from point D in east direction and walks 22m to reach point L. He takes his left turn and walks 10m and reach at point K. Now he takes his right and walks 30m to reach at point H. After that he takes his left and walks 15m to reach at point M. **B** start walking in east direction from point M and walks 45m to reach at point E. He takes his right turn and walks 22m to reach at point G. Now he takes his left and walks 10m to reach at point F. Finally, B walks 10m right from point F to reach at point N.

A, पॉइंट D से पूरब दिशा में चलना शुरू करता है और पॉइंट L तक पहुँचने के लिए 22m चलता है। वह बाएँ मुड़ता है और 10m चलकर पॉइंट K पर पहुँचता है। अब वह दाएँ मुड़ता है और 30m चलकर पॉइंट H पर पहुँचता है। उसके बाद वह बाएँ मुड़ता है और 15m चलकर पॉइंट M पर पहुँचता है। B, पॉइंट M से पूरब दिशा में चलना शुरू करता है और पॉइंट E पर पहुँचने के लिए 45m चलता है। वह दाएँ मुड़ता है और 22m चलकर पॉइंट G पर पहुँचता है। अब वह बाएँ मुड़ता है और 10m चलकर पॉइंट F पर पहुँचता है। आखिर में, B, पॉइंट F से 10m दाएँ चलकर पॉइंट N पर पहुँचता है।

**22. What is the difference between distance covered by A and B?**

**A और B द्वारा तय की गई दूरी के बीच कितना अंतर है?**

- |           |         |
|-----------|---------|
| (a) 15m   | (b) 20m |
| ✓ (c) 10m | (d) 25m |
|           | (e) 30m |

**A starts from point D in east direction and walks 22m to reach point L. He takes his left turn and walks 10m and reach at point K. Now he takes his right and walks 30m to reach at point H. After that he takes his left and walks 15m to reach at point M. B start walking in east direction from point M and walks 45m to reach at point E. He takes his right turn and walks 22m to reach at point G. Now he takes his left and walks 10m to reach at point F. Finally, B walks 10m right from point F to reach at point N.**

A, पॉइंट D से पूरब दिशा में चलना शुरू करता है और पॉइंट L तक पहुँचने के लिए 22m चलता है। वह बाएँ मुड़ता है और 10m चलकर पॉइंट K पर पहुँचता है। अब वह दाएँ मुड़ता है और 30m चलकर पॉइंट H पर पहुँचता है। उसके बाद वह बाएँ मुड़ता है और 15m चलकर पॉइंट M पर पहुँचता है। B, पॉइंट M से पूरब दिशा में चलना शुरू करता है और पॉइंट E पर पहुँचने के लिए 45m चलता है। वह दाएँ मुड़ता है और 22m चलकर पॉइंट G पर पहुँचता है। अब वह बाएँ मुड़ता है और 10m चलकर पॉइंट F पर पहुँचता है। आखिर में, B, पॉइंट F से 10m दाएँ चलकर पॉइंट N पर पहुँचता है।

**23. In which direction is point F with respect to point L?**

**बिंदु L के सन्दर्भ में बिंदु F किस दिशा में है?**

(a) North-east

(b) East

(c) North

(d) South-west

(e) None of these

25. In the word 'CHAIRMAN', how many pairs of the letters have the same number of letters between them (both forward and backward direction) in the word as in the alphabet?

शब्द 'CHAIRMAN' में अक्षरों के ऐसे कितने जोड़े हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक के बीच शब्द में उतने ही अक्षर हैं (आगे और पीछे दोनों दिशाओं में) जितने कि अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला में होते हैं?

- (a) Four
- (b) Two
- (c) One
- (d) Three
- (e) More than four

Home work

## 32. Statements:

 $A > M < X < V; D \leq L = M; D > S$ 

Conclusions:

✓ I.  $A > S$ ~~II.~~  $A > V$ 

✓ (a) Only I is true.

(b) Only II is true.

(c) Either I or II is true.

(d) Neither I nor II is true.

(e) Both I and II are true.

**33. Statements:** $M > A \geq P > U; E < R > U; E \geq L > W$ **Conclusions:**~~I.  $M > L$~~ ~~II.  $W \leq A$~~ 

- (a) Only I is true.
- (b) Only II is true.
- (c) Either I or II is true.
- (d) Neither I nor II is true.
- (e) Both I and II are true.

34. Statements:

$Q \geq W > X > Z; E > Z; E > C$

Conclusions:

~~I.  $C < Q$~~

~~II.  $E \leq W$~~

(a) Only I is true.

(b) Only II is true.

(c) Either I or II is true.

(d) Neither I nor II is true.

(e) Both I and II are true.

35. Statements:

$L > W < U < B; W \geq X > P; P > T \geq K$

Conclusions:

✓ I.  $L > T$

✓ II.  $K < U$

(a) Only I is true.

(b) Only II is true.

(c) Either I or II is true.

(d) Neither I nor II is true.

✓ (e) Both I and II are true.

~~Box~~ ✓  
 ↑ U  
 even  
 ↓  
 12-13 ✓  
 ↓  
 -vac  
 V-even  
 ↑  
 U

10  
 U  
 Box  
 ✓  
 11-14  
 ✓  
 16-17  
 Box  
 ✓  
 21-24  
 Box  
 ✓

There are three boxes kept between the racks of box U, which has 12 chocolates and box X, which is kept in rack 1. There are two boxes between box U and box W, which has 44 chocolates. The rack, which is just below the rack of box Z, which has 13 chocolates, is vacant. Box Z and V are kept in even numbered rack, but box V is placed above box U. There are three racks between the rack, which has 21 chocolates and 41 chocolates. Box Y is kept below box T. Rack which is immediately below box Y is not vacant. Rack which is immediately above box U is not vacant, and box X has 14 chocolates. Box W is not in 3rd rack.

→ maine Level

- A. Zero      B. One**
- C. Two      D. Either A or B      E. Can't be determined**

# THANK YOU



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