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ENGLISH

vocabulary
grammar
comprehension
error spotting

Top

70

**QUESTIONS
PRACTICE** 



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DINESH SIR

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Word Swap

1. Adopting sustainable practices (A) is essential to preserve natural resources (B) and ensure a healthy generations (C) for future environment (D).

(a) A-C

(b) B-D

(c) A-B

(d) C-D

(e) No replacement required

Word Swap

2. **Effective** leadership (A) **requires** **clear** communication (B), **the ability to inspire** others (C), **and a commitment to shared** goals (D).

(a) A-B

(b) B-C

(c) C-D

(d) A-D

(e) No replacement required

Word Swap

3. Integrating advanced models (A) into existing business technologies (B) can significantly enhance productivity (C) and drive organizational success (D).

(a) A-D

(b) B-C

✓ (c) A-B

(d) C-D

(e) No replacement required

A = B

Word Swap

✓ 4. Promoting gender (A) equality and ensuring equal opportunities (B) for all is vital for creating an inclusive society (C) and fostering sustainable growth (D).

(a) A-B

(b) B-C

(c) C-D

(d) A-D

(e) No replacement required

✓

Word Swap

5. The introduction (A) of renewable energy (B) sources is a critical step in reducing carbon (C) emissions and combating climate (D) change.

- (a) A-C
- (b) B-D
- (c) A-B
- (d) C-D
- (e) No replacement required

Word Swap

6. Despite the deadline (A), the team persevered (B) and successfully completed the project (C) ahead of the scheduled challenges (D).

(a) A-D

(b) B-D

(c) A-C

(d) C-D

(e) No replacement required

Word Swap

7. The rising opportunities (A) for skilled professionals (B) in the technology sector has created numerous demand (C) for young graduates (D).

(a) A-B

(b) B-C

(c) C-D

(d) A-C

(e) No replacement required

Word Swap

8. Building strong relationships (A) with customers is crucial for fostering trust (B), ensuring growth (C), and driving business loyalty (D).

(a) A-C

(b) B-D

(c) A-B

(d) C-D

(e) No replacement required

Word Swap

9. The success of a business often demands (A) on its ability to adapt to changing trends (B), meet customer depends (C), and leverage new opportunities (D).

(a) A-C

(b) B-D

(c) C-D

(d) A-D

(e) No replacement required

Word Swap

✓ 10. Governments must focus on improving infrastructure (A) to support economic development (B) and enhance the quality (C) of life for citizens (D).

(a) A-B

(b) B-C

(c) C-D

(d) A-D

(e) No replacement required

✓

Spotting errors

11. **Direction: Spot the grammatical errors in the given sentence. Mark the part with error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No error" as the answer. (Ignore punctuation error)**

Plagued by huge losses, (a)/ full service airlines are struggling (b)/ to cope with the competition (c)/ from low cost airlines. (d)/ No error (e)

A) Plagued by huge losses

B) full service airlines are struggling

C) to cope with the competition

D) from low cost airlines

E) No error

Spotting errors

Direction: Spot the grammatical errors in the given sentence. Mark the part with error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No error" as the answer. (Ignore punctuation error)

12. Volunteers of an -NGO (a)/ interacted with school students (b)/ to spread awareness about (c)/ environment related issues. (d)/ No error (e)

A) Volunteers of an -NGO

B) interacted with school students

C) to spread awareness about

D) environment related issues

E) No error

Spotting errors

13. Direction: Spot the grammatical errors in the given sentence. Mark the part with error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No error" as the answer. (Ignore punctuation error)

The Union Health Minister said that (a)/ there was an acute shortage of (b)/ health personnel in rural areas (c)/ who needed to be addressed urgently. (d)/ No error (e)

Which

A) The union health minister said that

B) there was an acute shortage of

C) health personnel in rural areas

D) who needed to be addressed urgently

E) No error

Spotting errors

14. Direction: Spot the grammatical errors in the given sentence. Mark the part with error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No error" as the answer. (Ignore punctuation error)

Even though most of India's youth (a)/lives in villages, many people considers (b)/ the ones roaming in dazzling multiplexes (c)/ as their true reflection. (d)/ No error (e)

A) Even though most of India's youth

B) lives in villages, many people considers

C) the ones roaming in dazzling multiplexes

D) as their true reflection

E) No error

Spotting errors

15. **Direction: Spot the grammatical errors in the given sentence. Mark the part with error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No error" as the answer. (Ignore punctuation error)**

The RBI has proposed to introduce (a)/ polymer notes after taking into considering (b)/ the cost and longevity (c)/ associated with their manufacturing. (d)/ No error (e)

- A) The RBI has proposed to introduce
- B) polymer notes after taking into considering
- C) the cost and longevity
- D) associated with their manufacturing
- E) No error

Spotting errors

16. **Direction: Spot the grammatical errors in the given sentence. Mark the part with error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No error" as the answer. (Ignore punctuation error)**

While most major economies set aside (a)/ about 3% of their GDP (b)/ in research and development, India (c)/ spends less than 1 % on this. (d)/ No error (e)

A) While most major economies set aside

B) about 3% of their GDP

for C) in research and development, india

D) spends less than 1 % on this

E) No error

Spotting errors

17. **Direction: Spot the grammatical errors in the given sentence. Mark the part with error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No error" as the answer. (Ignore punctuation error)**

Owing to the poor quality of (a)/ the equipment producing by Chinese firms (b)/ many foreign companies have placed (c)/orders with India firms. (d)/ No error (e)

- A) Owing to the poor quality of
B) the equipment producing by chinese firms
C) many foreign companies have placed
D) orders with india firms
E) No error

Spotting errors

18. **Direction: Spot the grammatical errors in the given sentence. Mark the part with error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No error" as the answer. (Ignore punctuation error)**

We expect a hike (a)/in the cash reserve ratio (b)/which is the portion on deposits (c)/ that banks keep with RBI. (d)/ No error (e)

- A) We expect a hike
- B) in the cash reserve ratio
- C) which is the portion on deposits
- D) that banks keep with RBI
- E) No error

Spotting errors

19. **Direction: Spot the grammatical errors in the given sentence. Mark the part with error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No error" as the answer. (Ignore punctuation error)**

Unless these differences (a)/ will be ^{are} resolved soon (b)/ there will be an adverse (c)/ effect on foreign investment. (d)/ No error (e)

A) Unless these differences

B) will be resolved soon

C) there will be an adverse

D) effect on foreign investment

E) No error

Spotting errors

20. **Direction: Spot the grammatical errors in the given sentence. Mark the part with error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No error" as the answer. (Ignore punctuation error)**

We are confident that the steps (a)/ we have taken to attract talented people (b)/ and build a solid organisation (c)/ will ensure we remain profitably. (d)/ No error (e)

A) We are confident that the steps

B) we have taken to attract talented people

C) and build a solid organisation

D) will ensure we remain profitably

E) No error

in profit

Spotting errors

21. **Direction: Spot the grammatical errors in the given sentence. Mark the part with error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No error" as the answer. (Ignore punctuation error)**

When At a time which most firms (a)/ were finding it difficult (b)/ to raise money, we succeeded (c)/ in raising the necessary funds. (d)/ No error (e)

A) At a time which most firms

B) were finding it difficult

C) to raise money, we succeeded

D) in raising the necessary funds

E) No error

Spotting errors

22. **Direction: Spot the grammatical errors in the given sentence. Mark the part with error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No error" as the answer. (Ignore punctuation error)**

Everyone is keen to know (a)/ the forecast for the monsoon (b)/ this year as it had been the (c)/ major cause of inflation in Asia. (d)/ No error (e)

A) Everyone is keen to know

B) the forecast for the monsoon

C) this year as it had been the

D) major cause of inflation in asia

E) No error

has

Reading Comprehension

Directions (Q.Nos. 23-31) Read the given passage carefully to answer the following questions. Each question will have five alternatives as its answer. Choose the correct option as your answer.

Soil nutrition and organic fertilisation are critical components of sustainable agriculture, impacting crop productivity and environmental health. The essence of soil nutrition lies in the soil's ability to supply essential nutrients that plants require for growth, development and reproduction. Understanding and managing these nutrients sustainably, particularly through organic fertilisation, can lead to healthier crops and reduced environmental impact.

Soil is a complex ecosystem teeming with life and is the primary source of nutrients for plants. These nutrients include macronutrients like nitrogen (N), phosphorus (P), and potassium (K), which are required in large amounts, and micronutrients like zinc (Zn) and copper (Cu), needed in smaller quantities but equally vital for plant health. Organic fertilisation plays a crucial role in maintaining these nutrient levels without the adverse effects associated with synthetic fertilisers.

Reading Comprehension

Organic fertilisers, derived from natural sources such as compost, manure, bone meal, and green manure, offer a multitude of benefits. These materials contribute not only nutrients but also organic matter, which enhances soil structure, improves water retention, and fosters beneficial microbial activity. The gradual breakdown of organic matter releases nutrients slowly, matching plant uptake and reducing the risk of leaching into water bodies. This slow release also ensures a sustained supply of nutrients over a longer period, supporting crop growth throughout the season. Moreover, organic fertilisation supports the biodiversity of soil organisms by providing food and a healthy environment for worms, fungi, bacteria and other microbes. These organisms play essential roles in decomposing organic material, fixing nitrogen and breaking down soil minerals into forms accessible to plants. Recognising the benefits of organic methods, many agricultural professionals have begun to pilot new techniques that address the need for sustainable nutrient management. This initiative aims to optimise organic fertilisation practices, tailoring them to specific crops and regional soil conditions. By incorporating these practices, farmers can enhance soil fertility naturally, reduce dependence on chemical inputs, and support ecological balance within their farming systems.

Reading Comprehension

23. Which of the following words is similar in meaning to 'pilot' in the context of the passage?

- (1) Navigate
- (2) Experiment
- (3) Guide
- (4) Control
- (5) Launch

Reading Comprehension

24. According to the passage, why is organic matter important for soil health?

- (1) It mainly boosts the soil's appearance and feel.
- (2) It contributes to the chemical binding of soil particles.
- (3) It improves soil structure and water retention.
- (4) It increases the soil's susceptibility to pests.
- (5) It decreases the biodiversity of soil organisms.

Reading Comprehension

25. Which of the following words is similar in meaning to 'address' in the context of the passage?

- (1) Speak
- (2) Confront
- (3) Manage
- (4) Write
- (5) Adjust

Reading Comprehension

26. What role do soil organisms play in organic fertilisation as mentioned in the passage?

- (1) They predominantly consume plant roots, enhancing growth.
- (2) They fix nitrogen, decompose organic material and make soil minerals accessible to plants.
- (3) They solely aerate the soil without affecting nutrient levels.
- (4) They prevent any organic matter from decomposing.
- (5) They convert all organic matter into harmful chemicals.

Reading Comprehension

27. Which of the following is true as per the passage?:

- A. Organic fertilisers release nutrients slowly, matching plant uptake.
- B. Organic matter primarily serves to reduce soil biodiversity.
- C. The slow release of nutrients by organic matter reduces the risk of nutrient leaching into water bodies.

(1) Only A

(3) Only C

(2) Only B

(4) Both A and C

(5) Both B and C

Reading Comprehension

28. What is the purpose of piloting new techniques in organic fertilisation as described in the passage?

- (1) To make organic fertilisers less effective but more affordable.
- (2) To increase the chemical fertiliser dependency.
- (3) To tailor organic fertilisation practices to specific crops and regional conditions.
- (4) To completely eliminate the use of organic fertilisers in agriculture.
- (5) To reduce the biodiversity supported by organic fertilisers.

Reading Comprehension

29. Fill in the blank:

The gradual breakdown of organic matter releases nutrients slowly, matching plant uptake and reducing the risk of _____ into water bodies.

- (1) Erosion
- (2) Pollution
- (3) Leaching
- (4) Acidification
- (5) Contamination

Reading Comprehension

30. Which of the following is false as per the passage?

- A. Soil organisms contribute to soil health by fixing nitrogen.
- B. Chemical fertilisers are favoured over organic methods for sustainable agriculture.
- C. New techniques in organic fertilisation are being tested to adapt to specific regional soil conditions.

- (1) Only A
- (2) Only B
- (3) Only C
- (4) Both B and C
- (5) Both A and C

Reading Comprehension

31. What is the primary benefit of using organic fertilisers according to the passage?

- (1) They increase the speed of plant growth.
- (2) They provide a slow, sustained release of nutrients.
- (3) They eliminate the need for water in agricultural practices.
- (4) They instantly improve the colour of the crops.
- (5) They can replace all plant micronutrients synthetically.

Sentence Improvement

Select the phrase from the options below that should replace the bold phrase in the sentence to make it grammatically and contextually correct. If the sentence is already correct, select 'No correction required' as your answer.

32. Each of the employees need to submit ^{his} ~~their~~ reports by Friday.

- (1) Each of the employees needs
- (2) All employees need
- (3) Every employee needs
- (4) Each employee needed
- (5) No correction required

Sentence Improvement

Select the phrase from the options below that should replace the bold phrase in the sentence to make it grammatically and contextually correct. If the sentence is already correct, select 'No correction required' as your answer.

33. Despite the many challenges, the project were completed on time.

- (1) the project was completed
- (2) the projects were completed
- (3) the project had been completed
- (4) the project has been completed
- (5) No correction required

Sentence Improvement

Select the phrase from the options below that should replace the bold phrase in the sentence to make it grammatically and contextually correct. If the sentence is already correct, select 'No correction required' as your answer.

34. They **plans to travel** to Japan once the travel restrictions are lifted.

- (1) are planning to travel
- (2) plan to travel
- (3) are planned travelling
- (4) will plan to travel
- (5) No correction required

Sentence Improvement

Select the phrase from the options below that should replace the bold phrase in the sentence to make it grammatically and contextually correct. If the sentence is already correct, select 'No correction required' as your answer.

35. She has decided to enroll in the cooking class to enhance her culinary skills.

- (1) In a cooking class
- (2) In cooking class
- (3) In an cooking class
- (4) In to the cooking class
- (5) No correction required

Sentence Improvement

Select the phrase from the options below that should replace the bold phrase in the sentence to make it grammatically and contextually correct. If the sentence is already correct, select 'No correction required' as your answer.

36. One of the keys to success are maintaining a positive attitude.

(1) is maintaining

(2) are to maintain

(3) is to maintain

(4) are maintained

(5) No correction required

Spotting Error

Read the following sentences carefully, choose the one that is grammatically/contextually incorrect, and mark it as your answer.

✓ 37.

- (1) She rarely misses an opportunity to learn something new.
- ✓ (2) Everyone have a role to play in protecting the environment. *has*
- (3) The documentary provided a deep dive into the history of the Roman Empire.
- (4) Maintaining a balanced diet contributes to overall health and well-being.
- (5) Our team's efforts were instrumental in the project's success.

Spotting Error

Read the following sentences carefully, choose the one that is grammatically/contextually incorrect, and mark it as your answer.

38.

- (1) The CEO, along with his managers, ^{is} are planning a restructuring.
- (2) He who hesitates is lost.
- (3) Miscommunications can lead to unnecessary complications.
- (4) I appreciate all the effort you put into this project.
- (5) Playing an instrument well requires years of practice.

Spotting Error

Read the following sentences carefully, choose the one that is grammatically/contextually incorrect, and mark it as your answer.

39.

- (1) We need to buy new furnitures for the office.
- (2) She adjusted quickly to her new role at the company.
- (3) Negotiations between the two countries are ongoing.
- (4) Understanding complex theories demands a high level of concentration.
- (5) They cheered loudly when their team won the championship.

40. The given question has one blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word for the given options that could fit in the blank correctly.

_____ spending by the state government drained our funds and left us with a huge deficit.

- (1) Pivotal
- (2) Resolute
- (3) Excessive
- (4) Determined
- (5) Emphatic

✓ 41. The given question has one blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word for the given options that could fit in the blank correctly.

I will _____ my goal through patience and diligence.

- (1) achieve
- (2) deceive
- (3) anguish
- (4) torment
- (5) grief

42. The given question has one blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word for the given options that could fit in the blank correctly.

The _____ of her nausea was so strong that she felt dizzy and began to retch.

- (1) resonate
- (3) susceptible
- (5) diversity
- (2) vulnerable
- (4) intensity

43. The given question has one blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word for the given options that could fit in the blank correctly.

The _____ invention allowed farmers to process cotton ten times faster than before the revolutionary discovery.

- (1) complication
- (2) snag
- (3) breakthrough
- (4) intricacy
- (5) drawback

✓ 44. Given below is a word, followed by three sentences that consist of that word. Identify the sentence(s) that express(es) the meaning of the words.

Deprecate

✓ A. The teacher should not depreciate his student's achievements.

B. The value of new cars depreciate quickly in first two years.

C. Shares continued to depreciate on the stock market today.

✓ (1) Only A

(2) Only B

(3) Only C

(4) Both A and B

(5) Both A and C

45. Given below is a word, followed by three sentences that consist of that word. Identify the sentence(s) that express(es) the meaning of the words.

97. Imminent

A. Several imminent personalities will be present at the meeting.

B. The weather forecast warned that a rain storm was imminent.

C. Rohit comes from a family of imminent politicians.

(1) Only A (2) Both A and B

(3) Only B (4) Only C

(5) Both B and C

imminent

✓ 46. Given below is a word, followed by three sentences that consist of that word. Identify the sentence(s) that express(es) the meaning of the words.

Discreet = careful

✓ A. He made some discreet enquiries about the organisation before accepting the employment agreement.

B. Brown and white rice are two discreet varieties of rice.

C. All objects are made of discreet molecules.

✓ (1) Only A

(2) Only B

(3) Only C

(4) Both A and B

(5) Both A and C.

47. Given below is a word, followed by three sentences that consist of that word. Identify the sentence(s) that express(es) the meaning of the words.

Elicit

A. He managed to elicit donations from many small businesses.

B. Ravi tried to elicit some info from his friends about his surprise birthday party.

C. One should refrain oneself from any elicit practices.

(1) Only A

(2) Both A and B

(3) Only B

(4) Both B and C

(5) Only C

48. Given below is a word, followed by three sentences that consist of that word. Identify the sentence(s) that express(es) the meaning of the words.

Project

A. He gained valuable experience whilst working on the project.

B. The party is trying to project a new image of itself as caring for the working classes.

C. He was afraid she would project him because he was a foreigner.

(1) Only A (2) Both A and B

(3) Only B (4) Both B and C (5) Only C

49.

Column I		Column II	
A.	A symbiotic relationship develops among the contractors, bureaucracy and the politicians, and by a large number of device,	D.	flatter at the poles, the question of 'how much more' was yet to be established.
B	The state governments, on the other hand allege that the Centre is downplaying the crisis only to evade	E.	costs are artificially escalated and black money is generated by underhand deals.
C	While it was generally known that the earth was not a sphere but an oblate spheroid' more curved at the equator and	F.	its full responsibility of financial assistance that is required to alleviate the damage

(1) A-F

(2) C-D

(3) B-E

(4) A-E

(5) None of these

50.

Column I		Column II	
A.	If precision of thought had facilitated precision of behaviour,	D.	and if reflection had preceded action, it would be ideal for humans.
B.	<u>Surrendered</u> , or captured, combatants cannot be incarcerated	E.	in razor wire cages; this 'war has a dubious legality.
C	Everyone appreciated the headmaster's implication	F.	in raising flood relief in the village.

(1) A-E

(2) C-E

(3) B-E

(4) A-F

(5) B-D

51.

Column I		Column II	
A.	The celebrations and high-fives up and down Pennsylvania Avenue	D.	are not to be found beyond the Beltway.
B	A chilling omission from the road map is the gigantic 'separation wall'	E.	planned to fall back to the south-east in the hope of defending the main cities
C	The Australian military, knowing the position was hopeless,	F.	now being built in the West Bank by Israel.

(1) A-D

(2) B-E

(3) C-F

(4) C-D

(5) None of these

52.

Column I		Column II	
A.	The evidence was constructed from	D.	very parsimonious scraps of information
B	The main problem with the notion of price discrimination is not that it is	E.	which goods are traded with the world market and their prices within a local market.
C	The distinctive feature of tariffs and export subsidies that they create a difference across prices at	F.	always a bad thing, but that it is the monopolist who has the power to decide who is charged what price.

(1) A-F

(2) B-F

(3) C-D

(4) A-E

(5) A-D

53

Column I		Column II	
A.	The placebo effect is not solely based on believing in treatment,	D.	with about 22 million tons of it floating over each square mile of earth.
B	Nitrogen - an essential food for plants - is an abundant resource,	E.	however, as the clinical setting in which <u>treatments</u> are administered is also <u>paramount</u> .
C	The meaning of words in dictionaries is clear, fixed and less dangerous and ambiguous	F.	than the meaning that arises when words are exchanged between people.

(1) A-F

(2) C-D

(3) B-E

(4) A-E

(5) B-D

In the sentences given below, a part had been given in bold. Which of the phrases (1), (2), (3), (4) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold to make the sentence grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (5) i.e., 'No correction required' as the answer.

54. He is the only one of the **members who have paid** all the dues.

- (1) members who has paid
- (2) member who has been paid
- (3) members who have been paying
- (4) member who has paid
- (5) No correction required

In the sentences given below, a part had been given in bold. Which of the phrases (1), (2), (3), (4) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold to make the sentence grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (5) i.e., 'No correction required' as the answer.

55. The serial blasts on Easter **ranks as the worst bloodbath** Sri Lanka has seen since the end of the civil war in 2009.

- (1) Ranks as worse bloodbath
- (2) Is ranking as worse bloodbath
- (3) Is ranking as the worst bloodbath
- (4) Rank as the worst bloodbath
- (5) No correction required

In the sentences given below, a part had been given in bold. Which of the phrases (1), (2), (3), (4) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold to make the sentence grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (5) i.e., 'No correction required' as the answer.

56. That the residents are now given minimum piped water and meagre tanker **supplies totalled a third of the installed capacity** of 1,494 million litres a day, that too mainly from desalination plants, faraway lakes and farm wells, is proof of the neglect of water governance.

(1) Supply that totalled a third of the installation capacity

(2) supply that totalled a third of the installed capacity

(3) supplies totalling a third of the installed capacity

(4) supplies that totalled a third of the installing capacity

(5) No correction required

In the sentences given below, a part had been given in bold. Which of the phrases (1), (2), (3), (4) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold to make the sentence grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (5) i.e., 'No correction required' as the answer.

57. The Bill allows only close Indian relatives **to be surrogate mothers and purely** for altruistic reasons.

(1) to become surrogate mothers and pure

(2) to be surrogating mother and purely

(3) to be surrogating mothers and purely

(4) to became surrogate mothers and pure

(5) No correction required

Jumbled Sentences

- A. The richest 1% of Indians hold as much wealth as that held by 58% of the Indian population.
- B. By this measure, a poor Indian farmer with little debt and little assets can end up "richer" than a Wall Street banker with little assets and a large student loan.
- C. In 2015, when the report was issued, there was criticism of the report's methodology.
- D. In India, as per that report, things are just as stark.
- E. The critics argued that the report assumes wealth is assets minus debt.
- F. From a recently released report by Oxfam, the global charity organisation, we learn that eight rich people own as much wealth as half the world's population in 2016.
- G. As provocative as these numbers are about the top 1%, the lived reality in societies is often determined by the interaction between those who earn 70-99% of income and those further below.
- H. These statistical issues aside, what the Oxfam report does show isn't necessarily who is really poor in the world but that wealth is a good proxy for the ability to influence politics via legislation or campaign contributions.

F C E B H
D A G

58. Which of the following would be the FOURTH sentence after rearrangement?

- A. F B. H C. C D. B E. G

Jumbled Sentences

- A. The richest 1% of Indians hold as much wealth as that held by 58% of the Indian population.
- B. By this measure, a poor Indian farmer with little debt and little assets can end up "richer" than a Wall Street banker with little assets and a large student loan.
- C. In 2015, when the report was issued, there was criticism of the report's methodology.
- D. In India, as per that report, things are just as stark.
- E. The critics argued that the report assumes wealth is assets minus debt.
- F. From a recently released report by Oxfam, the global charity organisation, we learn that eight rich people own as much wealth as half the world's population in 2016.
- G. As provocative as these numbers are about the top 1%, the lived reality in societies is often determined by the interaction between those who earn 70-99% of income and those further below.
- H. These statistical issues aside, what the Oxfam report does show isn't necessarily who is really poor in the world but that wealth is a good proxy for the ability to influence politics via legislation or campaign contributions.

59. Which of the following would be the FOURTH sentence after rearrangement?

- A. F B. H C. E D. B E. G**

Jumbled Sentences

- A. The richest 1% of Indians hold as much wealth as that held by 58% of the Indian population.
- B. By this measure, a poor Indian farmer with little debt and little assets can end up "richer" than a Wall Street banker with little assets and a large student loan.
- C. In 2015, when the report was issued, there was criticism of the report's methodology.
- D. In India, as per that report, things are just as stark.
- E. The critics argued that the report assumes wealth is assets minus debt.
- F. From a recently released report by Oxfam, the global charity organisation, we learn that eight rich people own as much wealth as half the world's population in 2016.
- G. As provocative as these numbers are about the top 1%, the lived reality in societies is often determined by the interaction between those who earn 70-99% of income and those further below.
- H. These statistical issues aside, what the Oxfam report does show isn't necessarily who is really poor in the world but that wealth is a good proxy for the ability to influence politics via legislation or campaign contributions.

60. Which of the following would be the LAST BUT ONE sentence after rearrangement?

- A. C B. A C. D D. G E. H

Jumbled Sentences

- A. The richest 1% of Indians hold as much wealth as that held by 58% of the Indian population.
- B. By this measure, a poor Indian farmer with little debt and little assets can end up "richer" than a Wall Street banker with little assets and a large student loan.
- C. In 2015, when the report was issued, there was criticism of the report's methodology.
- D. In India, as per that report, things are just as stark.
- E. The critics argued that the report assumes wealth is assets minus debt.
- F. From a recently released report by Oxfam, the global charity organisation, we learn that eight rich people own as much wealth as half the world's population in 2016.
- G. As provocative as these numbers are about the top 1%, the lived reality in societies is often determined by the interaction between those who earn 70-99% of income and those further below.
- H. These statistical issues aside, what the Oxfam report does show isn't necessarily who is really poor in the world but that wealth is a good proxy for the ability to influence politics via legislation or campaign contributions.

61. Which of the following would be the SECOND sentence after rearrangement?

- A. F B. E C. B D. D E. C**

Jumbled Sentences

- A. The richest 1% of Indians hold as much wealth as that held by 58% of the Indian population.
- B. By this measure, a poor Indian farmer with little debt and little assets can end up "richer" than a Wall Street banker with little assets and a large student loan.
- C. In 2015, when the report was issued, there was criticism of the report's methodology.
- D. In India, as per that report, things are just as stark.
- E. The critics argued that the report assumes wealth is assets minus debt.
- F. From a recently released report by Oxfam, the global charity organisation, we learn that eight rich people own as much wealth as half the world's population in 2016.
- G. As provocative as these numbers are about the top 1%, the lived reality in societies is often determined by the interaction between those who earn 70-99% of income and those further below.
- H. These statistical issues aside, what the Oxfam report does show isn't necessarily who is really poor in the world but that wealth is a good proxy for the ability to influence politics via legislation or campaign contributions.

62. Which of the following would be the FIFTH sentence after rearrangement?

- A. H B. F C. E D. B E. D

Jumbled Sentences

- A. The richest 1% of Indians hold as much wealth as that held by 58% of the Indian population.
- B. By this measure, a poor Indian farmer with little debt and little assets can end up "richer" than a Wall Street banker with little assets and a large student loan.
- C. In 2015, when the report was issued, there was criticism of the report's methodology.
- D. In India, as per that report, things are just as stark.
- E. The critics argued that the report assumes wealth is assets minus debt.
- F. From a recently released report by Oxfam, the global charity organisation, we learn that eight rich people own as much wealth as half the world's population in 2016.
- G. As provocative as these numbers are about the top 1%, the lived reality in societies is often determined by the interaction between those who earn 70-99% of income and those further below.
- H. These statistical issues aside, what the Oxfam report does show isn't necessarily who is really poor in the world but that wealth is a good proxy for the ability to influence politics via legislation or campaign contributions.

63. Which of the following would be the FIRST sentence after rearrangement?

- A. E B. C C. G D. F E. A**

Jumbled Sentences

- A. In dualistic thinking, students typically tend to depend on figures of authority as benchmarks on what is right or wrong rather than analysing facts.
- B. An understanding and realisation of this model could enable students to develop intellectually beyond the level.
- C. His concept of dualistic thinking in his model of intellectual development involving nine levels, published in 1970.
- D. Perry's model today remains part of college teaching systems in many western contexts.
- E. William G. Perry was a well-known educational psychologist who studied the cognitive development of students during their college years.
- F. Dualism refers to the first level of intellectual capacity, to understand good and evil in black and white, sans intervening shades.

64. Which of the following would be the FOURTH sentence after rearrangement?

A. E
C. D

B. F
D. B

E. A

ECFABD

Jumbled Sentences

- A. In dualistic thinking, students typically tend to depend on figures of authority as benchmarks on what is right or wrong rather than analysing facts.
- B. An understanding and realisation of this model could enable students to develop intellectually beyond the level.
- C. His concept of dualistic thinking in his model of intellectual development involving nine levels, published in 1970.
- D. Perry's model today remains part of college teaching systems in many western contexts.
- E. William G. Perry was a well-known educational psychologist who studied the cognitive development of students during their college years.
- F. Dualism refers to the first level of intellectual capacity, to understand good and evil in black and white, sans intervening shades.

65. Which of the following would be the LAST sentence after rearrangement?

- | | | |
|------|------|------|
| A. E | B. D | |
| C. F | D. D | E. E |

Jumbled Sentences

- A. In dualistic thinking, students typically tend to depend on figures of authority as benchmarks on what is right or wrong rather than analysing facts.
- B. An understanding and realisation of this model could enable students to develop intellectually beyond the level.
- C. His concept of dualistic thinking in his model of intellectual development involving nine levels, published in 1970.
- D. Perry's model today remains part of college teaching systems in many western contexts.
- E. William G. Perry was a well-known educational psychologist who studied the cognitive development of students during their college years.
- F. Dualism refers to the first level of intellectual capacity, to understand good and evil in black and white, sans intervening shades.

66. Which of the following would be the FIRST sentence after rearrangement?

A. A
C. F

B. C
D. E

E. D

Jumbled Sentences

- A. In dualistic thinking, students typically tend to depend on figures of authority as benchmarks on what is right or wrong rather than analysing facts.
- B. An understanding and realisation of this model could enable students to develop intellectually beyond the level.
- C. His concept of dualistic thinking in his model of intellectual development involving nine levels, published in 1970.
- D. Perry's model today remains part of college teaching systems in many western contexts.
- E. William G. Perry was a well-known educational psychologist who studied the cognitive development of students during their college years.
- F. Dualism refers to the first level of intellectual capacity, to understand good and evil in black and white, sans intervening shades.

67. Which of the following would be the SECOND sentence after rearrangement?

A. B

B. F

C. C

D. D

E. E

Jumbled Sentences

- A. In dualistic thinking, students typically tend to depend on figures of authority as benchmarks on what is right or wrong rather than analysing facts.
- B. An understanding and realisation of this model could enable students to develop intellectually beyond the level.
- C. His concept of dualistic thinking in his model of intellectual development involving nine levels, published in 1970.
- D. Perry's model today remains part of college teaching systems in many western contexts.
- E. William G. Perry was a well-known educational psychologist who studied the cognitive development of students during their college years.
- F. Dualism refers to the first level of intellectual capacity, to understand good and evil in black and white, sans intervening shades.

68. Which of the following would be the THIRD sentence after rearrangement?

A. F

B. A

C. C

D. E

E. B

69. Choose the correct sentence

1. man is the only creature who can speak
2. This is the first time I am driving a car ✗
3. How long are you working in this organization?
4. He has been awaiting you at airport for a couple of hours.

70. Fill in the blank with the suitable word

Do you think he will agree to your proposal ?

(a) to

(b) with

(c) by

(d) about



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COMPLETE PRACTICE CLASS

CLASS DETAILS

12 AUG 2026
10:00 AM

airGurukul
RAILWAY
CHANNEL

GK/GS
PAWAN SIR

12 AUG 2026
02:00 PM

airGurukul
SSC
CHANNEL

REASONING
PRASHANT SIR

12 AUG 2026
07:00 PM

airGurukul
BANKING
CHANNEL

MATHS
AADIL SIR



PAWAN SIR

GK/GS EXPERT



PRASHANT SIR

REASONING EXPERT



AADIL SIR

MATHS EXPERT



EXAM FOCUSED
PRACTICE



CONCEPT CLARITY
MADE EASY



COMPLETE SYLLABUS
COVERAGE



TIME SAVING
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