



SSC EXAM 2026

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ENGLISH



POWER CAPSULE

TOP 50 QUESTIONS

 **LIVE**

 **24 AUG 2026** |  **02:00PM**



Dinesh Sir

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Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Verb]

1. (a) If you get good marks / (b) I shall happy / (c) as much as you/ (d) No error.

(a) If you get good marks

(b) I shall happy

(c) as much as you

(d) No error

(Modal verb + v')

Shall + v'

Easy

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Tense]

2. (a) Since the trip home / (b) was expensive I / (c) did not went home / (d) during the holidays / (e) No error

- (a) Since the trip home
- (b) was expensive I
- (c) did not went home
- (d) during the holidays
- (e) No error

(Did Not + V)

(Did Not + go)

Moderate

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Passive Voice]

3. Please shut the door and go to sleep.

(a) The door is to be shut and you are to go to sleep.

(b) Let the door be shut and you be asleep.

(c) You are requested to shut the door and go to sleep.

(d) The door is to be shut and you are requested to sleep.

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Passive Voice]

4. We must take care of all living species on Earth.

(a) All living species on Earth are taken care of by us.

(b) All living species on Earth must be taken care of by us.

(c) All living species on Earth had been taken care of by us.

(d) All living species on Earth will be taken care of by us.

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Direct/ Indirect]

5. The teacher said to the boys, "If you do your best you will surely pass."

- (a) The teacher asked the boys to work hard so that they can pass.
- (b) The teacher told the boys that unless they work hard they will not pass
- (c) The teacher requested the boys that if they work better, they will surely pass.
- (d) The teacher told the boys that if they did their best they would surely pass.

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Narration]

^{RV} 6. Kavitha said, "I saw the photograph." ^{RS} → Simple Past

(a) Kavitha told that she saw the photograph.

(b) Kavitha said that she had seen the photograph. = PP

(c) Kavitha said that the photograph was seen by her.

(d) Kavitha said that she has seen the photograph.

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Sub. Verb
Agreement]

7. She immediately quit/ (b) the job in which/ (c) neither skill
nor knowledge were required / (d) No error

(a) She immediately quit

(b) the job in which

(c) neither skill nor knowledge were required

(d) No error

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Sub. Verb
Agreement]

8. The type of qualities you acquire / (b) depend upon your company / (c) and so you associate yourselves with simple and good natured people. / No error.

(a) The type of qualities you acquire

(b) depend upon your company

(c) and so you associate yourselves with simple and good natured people

(d) No error

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Sub. Verb
Agreement]

9. ⚡ The sceneries/ (b) of Kashmir / (c) is very charming / (d) No error

✓ (a) The sceneries

(b) of Kashmir

(c) is very charming

(d) No error

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Noun]

✓ 10. Alms / (b) are given / (c) to the poors (d) No error

(a) Alms

(b) are given

~~(c) to the~~ poors

(d) No error

to the poor

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Pronoun]

11. Neither of the two friends / (b) has got their money back / (c)
from the company / (d) No error

(a) Neither of the two friends

(b) has got their money back

(c) from the company

(d) No error

his

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Adjective]

The first + two =

✓ 12. The two first to arrive / (b) were the lucky recipients / (c) of a surprise gift / (d) No error

(a) The two first to arrive

(b) were the lucky recipients

(c) of a surprise gift

(d) No error

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Adjective]

13. Of the billions of stars in the galaxy, (b) how much are / (c) suitable for life? / (d) No error

(a) Of the billions of stars in the galaxy,

(b) how much are

(c) suitable for life?

(d) No error

→ how many

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Connector]

14. You are quite cynical / (b) when you say that the reason why we have / (c) such a large turnout is because we are serving refreshments / (d) No error

(a) You are quite cynical

(b) when you say that the reason why we have

(c) such a large turnout is because we are serving refreshments

(d) No error

as that
since
Difficult

that
(V. IMP)

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Article]

**15. There were a number of intelligent gentlemen at the party/
(b) but it was Mr. Subramaniam, an eminent scientist,/ (c)
who remained a centre of attraction. / (d) No error**

- (a) There were a number of intelligent gentlemen at the party
- (b) but it was Mr. Subramaniam, an eminent scientist,
- (c) who remained a centre of attraction
- (d) No error

V. G M P

the

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Preposition]

16. Fill in the blank

✓ The court has absolved him of all the charges leveled against him.

- (a) off
- (b) with
- (c) in
- (d) of

U. J M P

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Preposition]

17. Fill in the blank

You are welcome to partake of their light refreshment.

- (a) in
- (b) for
- (c) at
- (d) of

V.IMP

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Adverb]

18. Her speech was not clearly / (b) but we understood / (c) the underlying meaning / (d) No error

(a) Her speech was not clearly

clear

(b) but we understood

(c) the underlying meaning

(d) No error

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Sentence
Improvement]

19. No sooner had she realized her mistake than she began to take corrective measures.

- (A) then she began to take
- (B) than she began taking
- (C) when she began to take
- (D) No improvement

No Sooner = than

Parts of Speech (Grammar)

[Sentence Improvement]

20. Do you know to prepare **the Balance Sheet?**

- (A) Do you know to balance
- (B) Do you know to make
- ✓ (C) Do you know how to prepare
- (D) No improvement

Do you know + how to + v!

[Synonym]

21. Hostile

- (a) Poor
- (b) Antagonistic
- (c) Delinquent
- (d) Reticent

V. gmp

[Synonym]

22. Eminent

- (a) Confident
- (b) Authentic
- (c) Ingenious
- (d) Illustrious

[Antonym]

23. Choose the word opposite in meaning to the given word and mark it in the answer sheet.

Fastidious

(a) Fussy

(b) Cooperative

(c) Promising

(d) Adjustable

V. IMP

[Antonym]

24. Choose the word opposite in meaning to the given word and mark it in the answer sheet.

Explicit

- (a) Elusive**
 - (b) Allusive**
 - (c) Ambidextrous**
 - (d) Ambiguous**
- 

[Substitution]

25. A system of governance controlled by persons of high intellectual ability :

- (A) oligarchy
- (B) democracy
- (C) meritocracy
- (D) snobbery

V. J. M. P.

26. The government by the nobility :

- (A) Bureaucracy
- (B) Aristocracy
- (C) Autocracy
- (D) Oligarchy

[Substitution]

27. Four alternatives are given for the idiom/phrase underlined in the sentence. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom/phrase and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

It is high time he came out of his shell.

- (A) appeared suddenly
- (B) became more sociable
- (C) became a loser
- (D) removed his clothes

28. Four alternatives are given for the idiom/phrase underlined in the sentence. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom/phrase and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

Every political party is at present playing to the gallery.

(A) adopting cheap tactics

(B) be fooling the common man

(C) fighting for votes

(D) appeasing the masses

[Jumbled]

29. Sentences of a paragraph are given below in jumbled order.

Arrange the sentences in the correct order to form a meaningful and coherent paragraph.

- A. Both, Ratan and Moti were idlers and did not work.
- B. Their wives had introduced order and industry in the house.
- C. Ratan and Moti's wives would work hard and would earn the bread for their family.
- D. This made them lazier.

(1) CDAB

(2) ABDC

(3) BADC

(4) ACBD

A C B D

Easy

30. Select the most appropriate synonym of the underlined word.

The investment scheme had been a scam all along.

(1) Plain

(2) Swindle

(3) Failure

(4) Successful

V. J. M. 8

[Jumbled]

31. Sentences of a paragraph are given below in jumbled order. Arrange the sentences in the correct order to form a meaningful and coherent para-graph.

- A. The first is the herbalist, who generally enjoys the prestige and reputation of being the real traditional medical professional.
- B. Over the years, I have come to distinguish three types of medical practitioners in African societies and to classify the extent to which each uses medicinal plants.
- C. Thirdly, the witch doctor, the practitioner who is credited with the ability to intercept the evil deeds of a witch.
- D. The second group represents the divine healers.

(1) BDAC

(2) BADC

(3) CBAD

(4) ACDB

BADC

[Spelling Error]

32. Identify the sentence with correct spellings.

- (1) Rahul was ashamed of biheving so badly.
- (2) Rahul was ashamed of bihaving so badly.
- (3) Rahul was ashamed of beehaving so badly.
- (4) Rahul was ashamed of behaving so badly.

33. The following sentence has been split into four segments.

Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.

One of these / boxes have / the portrait / of the heiress.

(1) boxes have

(2) of the heiress

(3) the portrait

(4) One of these

has

has

34. Select the most appropriate synonym of the underlined word.

The hunter drew his bow, but only managed to sever the paw of the wolf before the wolf ran off.

(1) join

(2) mix

(3) ramify

(4) bind

35. Select the most appropriate **ANTONYM** of the underlined word in the following sentence.

The old port was abandoned a long ago.

- (1) Quit
- (2) Shortened
- (3) Kept
- (4) Rashed

Early

Directions (36-40): In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage carefully and select the most appropriate option to fill in each blank.

The world is going through a deep recession. At such a time, one thing we need in abundance is jobs for the semi-skilled and unskilled. This is the only way in which equal (36) of wealth can take place. The healthcare industry is ideally poised to occupy this position. The IT industry hires people from the upper-middle strata and rich families, usually engineers, (37) the health care industry hires nurses, to the tune of eighty per cent of the jobs created, from the lower economic strata. Global health care is a 4.5-trillion rupee industry, second only to the agro industry. Even then, health care (38) only eight per cent of the world's population. Policymakers should look at the health care industry as not only an industry which addresses pain but also as one which can (39) the economy. The last century was driven by machines that addressed human toil and it is strongly believed that this century will be driven by health care. This, however, will only happen if policy makers make a conscious effort to (40) the right policies in place soon.

36.

(1) spending

(3) partition

(2) distribution

(4) earning

Directions (36-40): In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage carefully and select the most appropriate option to fill in each blank.

The world is going through a deep recession. At such a time, one thing we need in abundance is jobs for the semi-skilled and unskilled. This is the only way in which equal (36) of wealth can take place. The healthcare industry is ideally poised to occupy this position. The IT industry hires people from the upper-middle strata and rich families, usually engineers, (37) the health care industry hires nurses, to the tune of eighty per cent of the jobs created, from the lower economic strata. Global health care is a 4.5-trillion rupee industry, second only to the agro industry. Even then, health care (38) only eight per cent of the world's population. Policymakers should look at the health care industry as not only an industry which addresses pain but also as one which can (39) the economy. The last century was driven by machines that addressed human toil and it is strongly believed that this century will be driven by health care. This, however, will only happen if policy makers make a conscious effort to (40) the right policies in place soon.

37.

(1) whereas

(3) unlike

(2) unless

(4) despite

Directions (36-40): In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage carefully and select the most appropriate option to fill in each blank.

The world is going through a deep recession. At such a time, one thing we need in abundance is jobs for the semi-skilled and unskilled. This is the only way in which equal (36) of wealth can take place. The healthcare industry is ideally poised to occupy this position. The IT industry hires people from the upper-middle strata and rich families, usually engineers, (37) the health care industry hires nurses, to the tune of eighty per cent of the jobs created, from the lower economic strata. Global health care is a 4.5-trillion rupee industry, second only to the agro industry. Even then, health care (38) only eight per cent of the world's population. Policymakers should look at the health care industry as not only an industry which addresses pain but also as one which can (39) the economy. The last century was driven by machines that addressed human toil and it is strongly believed that this century will be driven by health care. This, however, will only happen if policy makers make a conscious effort to (40) the right policies in place soon.

38.

(1) cures

(2) visits

(3) reaches

(4) calls

Directions (36-40): In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage carefully and select the most appropriate option to fill in each blank.

The world is going through a deep recession. At such a time, one thing we need in abundance is jobs for the semi-skilled and unskilled. This is the only way in which equal (36) of wealth can take place. The healthcare industry is ideally poised to occupy this position. The IT industry hires people from the upper-middle strata and rich families, usually engineers, (37) the health care industry hires nurses, to the tune of eighty per cent of the jobs created, from the lower economic strata. Global health care is a 4.5-trillion rupee industry, second only to the agro industry. Even then, health care (38) only eight per cent of the world's population. Policymakers should look at the health care industry as not only an industry which addresses pain but also as one which can (39) the economy. The last century was driven by machines that addressed human toil and it is strongly believed that this century will be driven by health care. This, however, will only happen if policy makers make a conscious effort to (40) the right policies in place soon.

39.

(1) impede

(3) influence

(2) persuade

(4) ascertain

Directions (36-40): In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage carefully and select the most appropriate option to fill in each blank.

The world is going through a deep recession. At such a time, one thing we need in abundance is jobs for the semi-skilled and unskilled. This is the only way in which equal (36) of wealth can take place. The healthcare industry is ideally poised to occupy this position. The IT industry hires people from the upper-middle strata and rich families, usually engineers, (37) the health care industry hires nurses, to the tune of eighty per cent of the jobs created, from the lower economic strata. Global health care is a 4.5-trillion rupee industry, second only to the agro industry. Even then, health care (38) only eight per cent of the world's population. Policymakers should look at the health care industry as not only an industry which addresses pain but also as one which can (39) the economy. The last century was driven by machines that addressed human toil and it is strongly believed that this century will be driven by health care. This, however, will only happen if policy makers make a conscious effort to (40) the right policies in place soon.

40.

(1) desire

(2) cut

(3) design

(4) put

→ put

Directions (41-45): Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

We started our research into organisational and personal excellence by studying a slightly different topic. We figured that if we could learn why certain people were more effective than others, then we could learn exactly what they did, clone it and pass it on to others. We asked people to identify who they thought were their most effective colleagues. In fact, over the past twenty-five years, we have asked over twenty thousand people to identify the individuals in their organisations who could really get things done. We wanted to find those who were not just influential but who were far more influential than the rest.

41. Which real life situation can be the most appropriate to be inferred from the passage?

- (1) Inflation has direct influence on the morals and ethics of an individual.
- (2) If we do something wrong to decent people, the same comes to haunt us even after many years.
- (3) People nowadays do not have patience and want quick success and does not matter what path they choose to obtain their targets.
- (4) Jassie is an efficient employee whose work ethics can be a case study to learn more about organisational and personal excellence.

Directions (41-45): Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

We started our research into organisational and personal excellence by studying a slightly different topic. We figured that if we could learn why certain people were more effective than others, then we could learn exactly what they did, clone it and pass it on to others. We asked people to identify who they thought were their most effective colleagues. In fact, over the past twenty-five years, we have asked over twenty thousand people to identify the individuals in their organisations who could really get things done. We wanted to find those who were not Just influential but who were far more influential than the rest.

42. Select the most suitable structure for the above passage.

- (1) Chronological
- (2) Cause and Effect
- (3) Pragmatic
- (4) Compare and contrast

Directions (41-45): Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

We started our research into organisational and personal excellence by studying a slightly different topic. We figured that if we could learn why certain people were more effective than others, then we could learn exactly what they did, clone it and pass it on to others. We asked people to identify who they thought were their most effective colleagues. In fact, over the past twenty-five years, we have asked over twenty thousand people to identify the individuals in their organisations who could really get things done. We wanted to find those who were not Just influential but who were far more influential than the rest.

43. Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.

Effective

- (1) Deniable
- (2) Harmonious
- (3) Fruitless
- (4) Courteous

Directions (41-45): Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

We started our research into organisational and personal excellence by studying a slightly different topic. We figured that if we could learn why certain people were more effective than others, then we could learn exactly what they did, clone it and pass it on to others. We asked people to identify who they thought were their most effective colleagues. In fact, over the past twenty-five years, we have asked over twenty thousand people to identify the individuals in their organisations who could really get things done. We wanted to find those who were not just influential but who were far more influential than the rest.

44. Select the most appropriate title to the given passage.

- (1) Research Grants in Organisations
- (2) Learn, Clone and Pass
- (3) Most Effective Colleagues
- (4) Different Topics

Directions (41-45): Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

We started our research into organisational and personal excellence by studying a slightly different topic. We figured that if we could learn why certain people were more effective than others, then we could learn exactly what they did, clone it and pass it on to others. We asked people to identify who they thought were their most effective colleagues. In fact, over the past twenty-five years, we have asked over twenty thousand people to identify the individuals in their organisations who could really get things done. We wanted to find those who were not just influential but who were far more influential than the rest.

45. Select the statement that most appropriately sums up the passage given.

- (1) Some people cannot be identified due to their most effective ways in 25 years.
- (2) Research grants in an organisation should be increased for personal excellence.
- (3) It takes 25 years of research to make people more effective and influential.
- (4) Some people are more effective and more influential than others to get things done.

[Fill in the blanks]

Fill in the blanks with appropriate preposition (45-50)

46. He drove from Maharashtra to Karnataka without stopping to rest.

(a) is

(b) to

(c) into

(d) towards.

✓ 47. Bill's fight _____ hunting put 26 professional hunting companies out of jobs.

(a) towards

(b) for

(c) over

(d) against

48. The one day series will be played _____ India, Sri Lanka and Australia.

(a) between

(b) among

(c) amongst

(d) in

✓ Jmp

49. We met a lot of people during our holidays.

(a) on

(b) in

(c) during

(d) at

50. The firm has been dealing in luxury goods for more than two decades.

- (a) in
- (b) with
- (c) out
- (d) on

V. gmd



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