FACT SHEET JUNE 2019

A SUSTAINABLE DEFENSE: More Security, Less Spending

Sustainable Defense Task Force | Center for International Policy

This fact sheet summarizes major findings of the report of the Sustainable Defense Task Force, a group of ex-military officers, former White House and Congressional budget experts, and non-governmental analysts convened by the Center for International Policy. View the full report and learn more about the task force at international policy.org. The key takeaways from the report are as follows:

A Sustainable Defense Strategy Would Save \$1.2 Trillion Over 10 Years:

An alternative defense strategy that avoids unnecessary and counter-productive wars, reduces the U.S. global military footprint, takes a more realistic view of the major security challenges facing the United States, and reduces waste and inefficiency could save at least \$1.2 trillion in projected spending over the next decade while providing a greater measure of security.

A DETERRENCE-ONLY NUCLEAR STRATEGY WOULD MAKE AMERICA SAFER WHILE DRAMATICALLY SCALING BACK THE PENTAGON'S NUCLEAR MODERNIZATION PLANS:

A deterrence-only nuclear strategy — like the one articulated by Global Zero — would have the sole purpose of dissuading any country from attacking the United States with nuclear weapons. This approach would enable a sharp reduction in the size of the U.S. nuclear arsenal, including an elimination of Intercontinental Ballistic-Missiles (ICBMs). Former Secretary of Defense William J. Perry sums up the case against ICBMs as follows: "These missiles are some of the most dangerous weapons in the world. They could even trigger an accidental nuclear war."

A DIPLOMACY-FIRST STRATEGY WOULD REDUCE THE PROSPECTS OF DEVASTATING, COUNTERPRODUCTIVE WARS IN THE MIDDLE EAST:

Engaging in diplomacy to deal with challenges like Iran, rather than promoting the use of force or threat of force, would be a more effective way to limit nuclear proliferation and cool regional tensions. The next president should rejoin the Iran nuclear deal, which had effectively curbed nuclear weapons development by Tehran.

LIMIT THE WAR BUDGET (OCO) TO DIRECT WAR COSTS, AND ELIMINATE IT OVER TIME:

The Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO) account, meant to fund the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan, has been used as a slush fund to evade the caps on Pentagon spending. Limiting the OCO account to direct war costs and ending America's endless wars would save \$320 billion over the next decade.

THERE IS NO READINESS CRISIS:

Despite the budget caps imposed by the Budget Control Act (BCA) of 2011, the Pentagon is slated to receive \$5.8 billion in the BCA decade (2011-2021), \$1.1 trillion more than it received in the prior ten-year period, when hostilities in Iraq and Afghanistan were at their peak levels. If there is a readiness issue it is not because the DOD hasn't been given ample taxpayer money — it's because the DOD has not been spending that money effectively.

The table below outlines the full list of savings proposed in the task force report:

LIST OF OPTIONS FOR REDUCING SPENDING

10-Year Savings Estimate

Force Structure and Weapons Procurement Reductions*

•	Army Reductions and Restructuring	\$160 Billion
•	Marine Corps Reductions and Restructuring	\$60 Billion
•	Reduce U.S. Navy Personnel and Weapons Procurement	\$193 Billion
•	Reduce U.S. Air Force Personnel and Aircraft Procurement	\$100.5 Billion
•	Reduce Peacetime Troop Deployments Overseas	\$17 Billion
•	End America's Endless Wars	\$320 Billion

Overhead and Efficiencies

•	Reduce O&M Spending on Service Contracts	\$262.5 Billion
•	Replace Some Military Personnel with Civilians	\$16.7 Billion
•	Close Unnecessary Military Bases	\$20 Billion

Nuclear Weapons, Missile Defense, and Space

•	Eliminate the New Nuclear Cruise Missile	\$13.3 Billion
•	Cancel the New ICBM	\$30 Billion
•	Cancel the Space Force	\$10 Billion
•	Cancel R&D on Space-Based Weapons	\$3 Billion
•	Cancel Ground-Based Midcourse Defense System	\$20 Billion
•	Cancel New Nuclear Warheads and Rollback Modernization	\$15 Billion
•	Include Nuclear Weapons Complex in a BRAC Round	\$10 Billion

^{*} Force structure cuts include reductions in equipment purchases such as downsizing the proposed F-35 fleet, reducing the Navy's aircraft carrier force from 11 to 9, and canceling the Littoral Combat Ship (LCS).

Total Savings: \$1,251 Billion

