

Activity, Sport and Play for the Inclusion of Refugees in Europe

Project Partners

Specialised & sport-related organisations ICSSPE

International Council of Sport Science and Physical Education

EOSE

European Observatoire of Sport & Employment

Caritas Academy

Caritas Styria - Austria

Minor-Ndako

Centre for unaccompanied minors in Belgium

ENGSO

European Non-Governmental Sports Organisation Sport organisations

UFEC

Catalan Union of Sports Federations

BUPCS

Bulgarian Union for Physical Culture & Sport

FOC

Finnish Olympic Committee

DOSB

German Olympic Sports Confederation

NOC Serbia

National Olympic Committee of Serbia

RF Swedish Sports Confederation

Governmental organisations

Hellenic Ministry of Culture & Sport

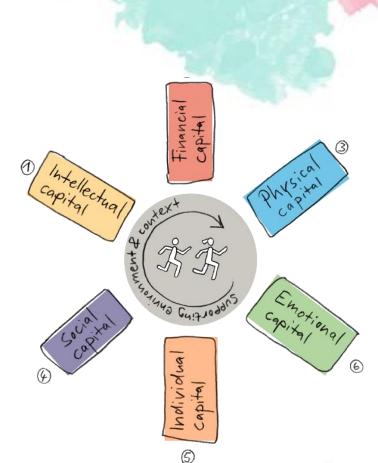
<mark>Sports Flanders</mark> Agency

Council of Europe



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Why sport?



Intellectual capital

Improvements in:

- Educational attainment
- School engagement
- Processing speed
- Executive function/Inhibition/Mental flexibility
- Memory
- Academic performance - Brain structure and func-
- tion
- Concentration/Attention/ Impulse control learning
- ADHD management
- Age-related cognitive decline management

@ Financial capital

Improvements in:

- Income
- Job success.
- Productivity/Job performance
- Morale/Commitment/ Turnover

Reduction in:

- Health core costs
- Absenteeism.
- Presenteeism

3 Physical capital

Improvements in:

- General motor skills
- Functional fitness/
- Physical appearance
- Cardio respiratory fitness
- Muscular strength

sition

Lipid profile.

Joint health

Nutrition/Diet

- Adipositly/Body compo- Hypertension
 - Stroke

Prevention / treatment of:

Metabolic syndrome/

- Cardiovascular disease

- Coronary heart disease

Type 2 diabetes

- Overall mortality

- Colon 8 breast cancer
- Bone health/Osteoporosis Lung, endometrial, ovari
 - an cancers.
- Maternal & infant health Back pain.
- Rehabilitation & recovery
- Immune system function Reduction of:
- Sleep patterns - Falls
 - Smoking
 - Teen pregnancy
 - Risky sex
 - Drug use
 - Addiction
 - Suicide

(Social capital

- Improvements in:
- Social norms.
- Social network/Positive relationships
- Social status/Social commitment
- Social inclusion & acceptance.
- Trust/Teamwork/Collaboration
- Civic participation
- Genderequality
- Equity for persons with disabilities
- Crime, juvenile delinquency & gang. participation reduction
- Community cohesion
- Peace/Understanding/Recovery
- Bridging differences (socio economic status, racial, ethnic, disability, religious, sexual)
- Safety & support

5 Individual capital

Improvements in:

- Activity knowledge and skills
- Social skills/Life skills/
- Non-cognitive skills
- Sportsmanship
- Time management
- Goal setting
- Initiative/Leadership
- Honesty/Integrity/Respect/ Responsibility
- Enthusiasm/Intrinsic motivation
- Commitment/Self discipline/
- Self control/Persistence
- Assertiveness & courage

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6 Emotional capital

Improvements in:

- Fun, enjoyment, satisfaction
- Feeling good
- Self esteem
- Self efficacy
- Body image
- Intrinsic motivation for physical
- Mood

Prevention /lreatment of:

- Stress
- Depression
- Anxiety

- activity

Background - Needs Analysis

More than a million migrants and refugees crossed into Europe in 2015

Sport is often claimed to help address social problems BUT

Sport participation in itself does not inherently lead to the so-called social inclusion 'through' sport

People involved in sport clubs lack intercultural competence and are exposed to a new situation that go beyond the provision of sporting and playing activities

Organised sport shall accommodate to changing societies

There is a need for professional development of sport organisations and people involved in sport



Activity, Sport and Play for the Inclusion of Refugees in Europe

Training Module

- 1. Migration
- 2. Intercultural dialogue
- 3. Considering the personal challenges of refugees
- 4. Accessible sports organisations

<u>www.aspiresport.eu</u> -> Documentation





Key takeaways

For decision-makers

- See the opportunities not only threats! The inclusion of refugees in society is a challenge that can be tackled and turned into an asset.
- Provide support e.g. political and financial at all levels for sport as a tool for social inclusion.
- Provide support for vulnerable groups to engage in sport vouchers for participation, free public transport, etc.
- Facilitate the cross-sectoral approach between e.g. the sports, youth, social, health and refugee organisations. Work across silos in your own organisation and encourage partnerships between NGOs, companies, etc.
- ✓ Create sports programmes that are led by refugees themselves.
- ✓ Facilitate the creation of networks for collaboration and sharing best practices at local, regional, national and European levels.



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Key takeaways

For sports leaders

- Coaches are the key. Provide training and support for coaches, instructors, facilitators and educators working with sport and refugees.
- Create opportunities for refugees to be active participants, but also as volunteers, coaches and leaders.
- Reach out to networks outside of your traditional scope create alliances with e.g. youth, social and educational organisations.
- ✓ Speak up and raise awareness on the importance of creating an inclusive society and sport's potential in fostering inclusion.



Key takeaways

For clubs and coaches

- Determine your target group (e.g. young refugee men, school girls, or stay-at-home mothers) and design and create your activities for them, with them.
- Ensure you are basing your activities on evidence and take into account the psychosocial aspects of working with refugees
- Provide a fun, safe and supportive environment, facilitate easy (physical) access, and remove costs when you can. Include playful activities and highlight positive outcomes even if they are only small gains.
- Encourage meaningful relationships amongst participants and with facilitators.
- Plan for long-term sustainability and continuity of programs. Create a routine, but also keep activities fresh and exciting so participants have something to look forward to.



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From ASPIRE towards SPIRIT

- Mental illnesses prominent health problem
- ✓ People with trauma, like refugees
- SPIRIT = Sport & Psycho-social Initiative for Inclusive Training
- Erasmus+ Sport project co-funded by the European Commission. January 2020 - December 2022.
- SPIRIT aims at developing a framework for humane, inclusive and empowering coaching that nurtures good mental health.

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www.risingyou.eu

