



Qualify Customers

Find out the Customer's Buying Motive

Rational Motives

- •Economy/Value
- Durability
- Performance
- •Labour-saving
- Time-saving
- Simple operation
- Space-saving
- Availability
- Quality
- •Low maintenance

Emotional Motives

- Pride of ownership
- Desire for prestige/recognition
- •Desire to 'fit in'/fashion
- Safety
- Fear
- Desire for security
- Convenience
- Desire to be unique/the first
- Curiosity

Ask Questions

Open Questions

- •These questions open up a conversation
- •They encourage the other person to speak freely
- •For example "What will you use this for?" or "Who will be using this?"

Probing Questions

- •These questions dig deeper into answers already provided
- •They seek reasons, consequences and motives
- •For example "What do you use now ..?" or "What research have you done so far?"

Specific Questions

- •These look for specific issues or examples
- They provide clarity and aid understanding, and can uncover 'excuses' or assumptions
- •For example "Have you considered X?" or "What do you find most annoying?"

Hypothetical Questions

- •These are 'what if?' questions
- •They help the other person to look at a situation from a different perspective and see other options
- •For example "What would be your ideal outcome?" or "If you could only have 3 functions, what would they be?"

Closed Questions

- •Can be useful in sales as long as they are not over-used (you must not 'lead' the other person prematurely)
- •Especially useful for clarifying points, concluding a discussion and agreeing action
- •For example "Can I show you..?" or "So you are not interested in...?"

www.power-hour.co.uk Page 1





Listen to the Answers

Give your full attention to the person who is speaking.

Let the speaker finish before you begin to talk.

Let yourself finish listening before you begin to speak!

Listen for main ideas.

Ask questions and Give feedback.

Make notes of key points

Be aware of assumptions and the meaning of words.

Look for Buying Signals

Verbal

- Asking technical or specific questions
- Asking about availability
- Asking about payment options
- Raising objections
- Asking about delivery
- Asking "What if?" questions
- Saying 'yes', 'OK' or 'I see'
- Asking you to repeat things

Non-Verbal

- Making notes
- Touching the product
- •Referring back to the brochure/information
- •Continues to look at the product/ information even when you are talking
- Smiling
- Nodding
- Looking thoughtful (perhaps they are imagining owning the product, or wondering whether they can afford it)
- Getting comfortable

www.power-hour.co.uk Page 2